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## Calendar No. 775

99TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

S. 2701

[Report No. 99-370]

To provide a comprehensive policy for the United States in opposition to the system of apartheid in South Africa, and for other purposes.

### IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

July 30 (legislative day, July 28), 1986

Mr. LUGAR (for himself, Mr. McConnell, Mr. Durenberger, and Mr. Trible) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations

AUGUST 6 (legislative day, AUGUST 4), 1986
Reported by Mr. LUGAR, with an amendment
[Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert the part printed in italic]

## A BILL

To provide a comprehensive policy for the United States in opposition to the system of apartheid in South Africa, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SHORT TITLE
- 4 SECTION 1. This Act may be cited as the "Comprehen-
- 5 sive Anti-Apartheid Act of 1986".

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	TITLE VI-ENFORCEMENT AND ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS
	Sec. 601. Regulatory authority. Sec. 602. Congressional priority procedures. Sec. 603. Enforcement and penalties. Sec. 604. Applicability to evasions of Act. Sec. 605. Construction of Act.
1	<b>DEFINITIONS</b>
2	SEC. 3. As used in this Act—
3	(1) the term "controlled South African entity"
4	<del>means —</del>
5	(A) a corporation, partnership, or other busi-
6	ness association or entity organized in South
7	Africa and owned or controlled, directly or indi-
8	rectly, by a national of the United States; or
9	(B) a branch, office, agency, or sole propri-
10	etership in South Africa of a national of the
11	United States; and
12	(2) the term "new investment"—
13	(A) means—
14	(i) a commitment or contribution of
15	funds or other assets; and
16	(ii) a loan or other extension of credit;
17	(B) but does not include—
18	(i) reinvestment of profits generated by
19	a controlled South African entity into that
20	same controlled South African entity or in-

1	vestment of such profits in another controlled
2	South African entity;
3	(ii) contributions of money or other
4	assets where such contributions are neces-
5	sary to enable a controlled South African
6	entity to operate in an economically sound
7	manner, without expanding its operations;
8	<del>and</del>
9	(iii) the ownership or control of a share
10	or interest in a controlled South African
11	entity, or the transfer or acquisition of such a
12	share or interest, provided that any such
13	transfer or acquisition does not result in a
14	payment or contribution of funds or assets to
15	the controlled South African entity.
16	(3) the term "national of the United States"
17	means—
18	(A) a natural person who is a citizen of the
19	United States or who owes permanent allegiance
20	to the United States or is an alien lawfully admit-
21	ted for permanent residence in the United States,
22	as defined by section 101(a)(20) of the Immigra-
23	tion and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(20));
24	<del>OF</del>

1	(B) a corporation, partnership, or other busi-
2	ness association which is organized under the
3	laws of the United States, any State or territory
4	thereof, or the District of Columbia.
5	(4) the term "Secretary" means the Secretary of
6	State;
7	(5) the term "South Africa" refers to the territory
8	that constituted the Republic of South Africa on May
9	<del>31, 1961; and</del>
10	(6) the term "Code of Conduct" refers to the
11	principles set forth in section 208(a).
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12	PURPOSE
12 13	
13	PURPOSE
13	PURPOSE  SEC. 4. The purpose of this Act is to set forth a compre-
13 14	SEC. 4. The purpose of this Act is to set forth a comprehensive and complete framework to guide the efforts of the
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13 14 15 16 17 18	SEC. 4. The purpose of this Act is to set forth a comprehensive and complete framework to guide the efforts of the United States in helping to bring an end to apartheid in South Africa and lead to the establishment of a nonracial, democratic form of government. This Act sets out United States policy toward the Government of South Africa, the
13 14 15 16 17 18 19	SEC. 4. The purpose of this Act is to set forth a comprehensive and complete framework to guide the efforts of the United States in helping to bring an end to apartheid in South Africa and lead to the establishment of a nonracial, democratic form of government. This Act sets out United States policy toward the Government of South Africa, the victims of apartheid, and the other states in southern Africa.

1	TITLE I—POLICY OF THE UNITED STATES
2	WITH RESPECT TO ENDING APARTHEID
3	POLICY TOWARD THE GOVERNMENT OF SOUTH AFRICA
4	SEC. 101. (a) United States policy toward the Govern-
5	ment of South Africa shall be designed to bring about reforms
6	in that system of government that will lead to the establish-
7	ment of a nonracial democracy.
8	(b) The United States shall work toward this goal by
9	encouraging the Government of South Africa to
10	(1) suspend the present state of emergency and
11	respect the principal of equal justice under law for citi-
12	zens of all races;
13	(2) release Nelson Mandela, Govan Mbeki, Walter
14	Sisulu, black trade union leaders, and all political
15	<del>prisoners;</del>
16	(3) permit the free exercise by South Africans of
17	all races of the right to form political parties, express
18	political opinions, and otherwise participate in the po-
19	litical process;
20	(4) establish a timetable for the elimination establish
21	apartheid laws;
22	(5) negotiate with representatives of all racia
23	groups in South Africa the future political system is
24	South Africa: and

1	(6) ond military and paramilitary activities aimed
2	at neighboring states.
3	(e) The United States will encourage the actions set
4	forth in subsection (b) through economic, political, and diplo-
5	matic measures as set forth in this Act. The United States
6	will adjust its actions toward the Government of South
7	Africa to reflect the progress or lack of progress made by the
8	Government of South Africa in meeting the goal set forth in
9	subsection (a).
10	POLICY TOWARD THE VICTIMS OF APARTHEID
11	SEC. 102. (a) The United States policy toward the vic-
12	tims of apartheid is to use economic, political, diplomatic, and
13	other effective means to achieve the removal of the root
14	cause of their victimization, which is the apartheid system. In
15	anticipation of the removal of the system of apartheid and as
16	a further means of challenging that system, it is the policy of
17	the United States to assist these victims of apartheid as indi-
18	viduals and through organizations to overcome the handicaps
19	imposed on them by the system of apartheid and to prepare
20	themselves for their rightful roles as full participants in the
21	political, social, economic, and intellectual life of their coun-
22	try in the post-apartheid South Africa envisioned by this Act.
23	(b) The United States will work toward the purposes of
24	subsection (a) by—
25	(1) providing assistance to South African victims
26	of apartheid without discrimination by race, color, sex,

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1	religious belief, or political orientation, to take advan-
2	tage of educational opportunities in South Africa and in
3	the United States to prepare for leadership positions in
4	a post-apartheid South Africa;
5	(2) assisting victims of apartheid;
6	(3) aiding individuals or groups in South Africa
7	whose goals are to aid victims of apartheid or foster
8	nonviolent legal or political challenges to the apartheid
9	<del>laws;</del>
10	(4) furnishing direct financial assistance to those
11	whose nonviolent activities had led to their arrest or
12	detention by the South African authorities;
13	(5) intervening at the highest political levels in
14	South Africa to express the strong desire of the United
15	States to see the development in South Africa of a
16	nonracial democratic society; and
17	(6) supporting the rights of the victims of apart-
18	heid through political, economic, or other sanctions in
19	the event the Government of South Africa government
20	fails to make progress toward the removal of the apart-
21	heid laws and the establishment of such democracy.
22	POLICY TOWARD OTHER COUNTRIES IN SOUTHERN AFRICA
23	SEC. 103. (a) The United States policy toward the other
24	countries in the Southern African region shall be designed to
25	encourage democratic forms of government, full respect for

1	human rights, political independence, and economic develop-
2	ment.
3	(b) The United States will work toward the purposes of
4	subsection (a) by
5	(1) helping to secure the independence of Namibia
6	and the establishment of Namibia on a nonracial de-
7	mocracy in accordance with appropriate United Na-
8	tions Security Council resolutions;
9	(2) supporting the removal of all foreign military
10	forces from the region;
11	(3) encouraging the nations of the region to settle
12	differences through peaceful means;
13	(4) promoting economic development through bi-
14	lateral and multilateral economic assistance targeted at
15	increasing opportunities in the productive sectors of na-
16	tional economics, with a particular emphasis on in-
17	ereasing opportunities for nongovernmental economic
18	activities;
19	(5) encouraging, and when necessary, strongly de-
20	manding, that all countries of the region respect the
21	human rights of their citizens and noncitizens residing
22	in the country, and especially the release of persons
23	persecuted for their political beliefs or detained without
24	trial; and

1	(6) providing appropriate assistance, within the
2	limitations of American responsibilities at home and in
3	other regions, to assist regional economic cooperation
4	and the development of interregional transportation
5	and other capital facilities necessary for economic
6	growth.
7	POLICY TOWARD & NEGOTIATED SETTLEMENT
8	SEC. 104. (a) United States policy will seek to promote
9	negotiations among representatives of all citizens of South
10	Africa to determine a future political system that would
11	permit all citizens to be full participants in the governance of
12	their country. The United States recognizes that important
13	and legitimate political parties in South Africa include sever-
14	al organizations that have been banned and will work for the
15	unbanning of such organizations in order to permit legitimate
16	political viewpoints to be represented at such negotiations.
17	(b) The United States will encourage the Government of
18	South Africa and all participants to the negotiations to re-
19	spect the right of all South Africans to form political parties,
20	express political opinions, and otherwise participate in the
21	political process without fear of retribution by either govern-
22	mental or nongovernmental organizations. It is the sense of
23	the Congress that a suspension of violence is an essential
24	precendition for the holding of negotiations. The United
25	States calls upon all parties to the conflict to agree to a sus-
26	pension of violence.

1	(e) The United States shall work toward the achieve-
2	ment of agreement to suspend violence and begin negotia-
3	tions through coordinated actions with the major Western
4	allies and with the governments of the countries in the
5	region.
6	(d) It is the sense of the Congress that the achievement
7	of an agreement for negotiation could be promoted if the
8	United States and its major allies, such as Great Britain,
9	Canada, France, Italy, Japan, and West Germany, would
10	hold a meeting to develop a four-point plan to discuss with
11	the Government of South Africa a proposal for stages of mul-
12	tilateral assistance to South Africa in return for the Govern-
13	ment of South Africa implementing
14	(1) an end to the state of emergency and the re-
15	lease of the political prisoners, including Nelson
16	Mandola;
17	(2) the unbanning of the African National Con-
18	gress, the Pan African Congress, the Black Conscious-
19	ness Movement, and all other groups willing to partici-
20	pate in negotiations and a democratic process;
21	(3) a revocation of the Group Areas Act and the
22	Population Registration Act and the granting of uni-
23	versal citizenship to all South Africans, including
24	homeland residents: and

1	(4) the use of the international offices of a third
2	party as an intermediary to bring about negotiations
3	with the object of establishment of power-sharing with
4	the black majority.
5	POLICY TOWARD INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION ON
6	MEASURES TO END APARTHEID
7	SEC. 105. (a) The Congress finds that—
8	(1) international cooperation is a prerequisite to
9	an effective anti-apartheid policy; and
10	(2) the situation in South Africa constitutes an
11	emergency in international relations and that action is
12	necessary for the protection of the essential security in-
13	terests of the United States.
14	(b) Accordingly, the Congress urges the President to
15	seek such cooperation among all individuals, groups, and
16	nations.
17	TITLE II—MEASURES TO ASSIST VICTIMS OF
18	APARTHEID
19	SCHOLARSHIPS FOR THE VICTIMS OF APARTHEID
20	SEC. 201. Section 105(b) of the Foreign Assistance Act
21	of 1961 is amended—
22	(1) by inserting "(1)" after "(b)"; and
23	(2) by adding at the end thereof the following new
24	paragraph:

1	"(2)(A) Of the assistance provided under this section by
2	the Administrator of the agency primarily responsible for ad-
3	ministering this part of this Act—
4	"(i) for the fiscal year 1987, \$8,000,000;
5	"(ii) for the fiscal year 1988, \$11,000,000; and
6	"(iii) for the fiscal year 1989 and each fiscal year
7	thereafter, \$15,000,000,
8	shall be used to finance education, training, and scholarships
9	for the victims of apartheid who are attending universities,
10	colleges, and secondary schools in South Africa and who are
11	selected in accordance with subparagraph (B). Of the funds
12	available under the preceding sentence to earry out this sub-
13	paragraph, not less than one-third shall be available only for
14	assistance to full-time teachers or other educational profes-
15	sionals pursuing studies toward the improvement of their pro-
16	fessional eredentials.
17	"(B) Of the funds provided in subparagraph (A) for each
18	fiscal year, 50 percent shall be available for educational as-
19	sistance for the victims of apartheid in accordance with sec-
20	tion 802(e) of the International Security and Development
21	Cooperation Act of 1985. The remainder of the funds in each
22	fiscal year which are not made available under the preceding
23	sentence shall be available to finance scholarships for individ-
24	uals selected by a nationwide panel or by regional panels
25	composed solely of members of the teaching profession ap-

1	pointed by the United States chief of diplomatic mission to
2	South Africa. No such individual may be selected through
3	any contract entered into with the agency primarily responsi-
4	ble for administering this part of this Act.".
5	HUMAN RIGHTS FUND
6	SEC. 202. (a) Section 116(e)(2)(A) of the Foreign As-
7	sistance Act of 1961 is amended—
8	(1) by striking out "1984 and" and inserting in
9	lieu thereof "1984,"; and
10	(2) by inserting after "1985" a comma and the
11	following: "and \$1,500,000 for the fiscal year 1986
12	and for each fiscal year thereafter".
13	(b) Section 116 of such Act is amended by adding at the
14	end thereof the following new subsection:
15	"(f) Of the funds made available to earry out subsection
16	(e)(2)(A) for each fiscal year, \$350,000 shall be used for
17	direct legal and other assistance to political detainces and
18	prisoners and their families, including the investigation of the
19	killing of protesters and prisoners, and for support for actions
20	of black-led community organizations to resist, through non-
21	violent means, the enforcement of apartheid policies such
<b>22</b>	<del>as</del>
23	"(1) removal of black populations from certain ge-
24	ographic areas on account of race or ethnic origin,

1	"(2) denationalization of blacks, including any dis-
2	tinctions between the South African citizenships of
3	blacks and whites,
4	"(3) residence restrictions based on race or ethnic
5	<del>origin,</del>
6	"(4) restrictions on the rights of blacks to seek
7	employment in South Africa and live wherever they
8	find employment in South Africa, and
9	"(5) restrictions which make it impossible for
10	black employees and their families to be housed in
11	family accommodations near their place of employ-
12	ment.".
13	EXPANDING PARTICIPATION IN THE SOUTH AFRICAN
14	ECONOMY
15	SEC. 203. (a) The Congress declares that
16	(1) the denial under the apartheid laws of South
17	Africa of the rights of South African blacks and other
18	nonwhites to have the opportunity to participate equi-
19	tably in the South African economy as managers or
20	owners of, or professionals in, business enterprises, and
21	(2) the policy of confining South African blacks
22	and other nonwhites to the status of employees in mi-
23	nority-dominated businesses,
24	is an affront to the values of a free society.
25	(b) The Congress hereby—

1	(1) applauds the commitment of nationals of the
2	United States adhering to the Code of Conduct to
3	assure that South African blacks and other nonwhites
4	are given assistance in gaining their rightful place in
5	the South African economy; and
6	(2) urges the United States Government to assist
7	in all appropriate ways the realization by South Afri-
8	ean blacks and other nonwhites of their rightful place
9	in the South African economy.
10	(e) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Sec-
11	retary of State and any other head of a department or agency
12	of the United States earrying out activities in South Africa
13	shall, to the maximum extent practicable, in procuring goods
14	or services, make affirmative efforts to assist business enter-
15	prises having more than 50 percent beneficial ownership by
16	South African blacks or other nonwhite South Africans.
17	EXPORT-IMPORT BANK OF THE UNITED STATES
18	SEC. 204. Section 2(b)(9) of the Export-Import Bank
19	Act of 1945 is amended—
20	(1) by striking out "(9) In" and inserting in lieu
21	thereof "(9)(A) Except as provided in subparagraph
22	(B), in"; and
23	(2) by adding at the end thereof the following:
24	"(B) The Bank shall take active steps to encourage the
25	use of its facilities to guarantee, insure, extend credit, or par-
26	ticipate in the extension of credit to business enterprises in

1	South Africa that are majority owned by South African
2	blacks or other nonwhite South Africans. The certification
3	requirement contained in clause (c) of subparagraph (A) shall
4	not apply to exports to or purchases from business enter-
5	prises which are majority owned by South African blacks or
6	other nonwhite South Africans.".
7	LABOR PRACTICES OF THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT
8	IN SOUTH AFRICA
9	SEC. 205. (a) It is the sense of the Congress that the
10	labor practices used by the United States Government—
11	(1) for the direct hire of South Africans,
12	(2) for the reimbursement out of official residence
13	funds of South Africans and employees of South Afri-
14	can organizations for their long-term employment serv-
15	ices on behalf of the United States Government, and
16	(3) for the employment services of South Africans
17	arranged by contract,
18	should represent the best of labor practices in the United
19	States and should serve as a model for the labor practices of
20	nationals of the United States in South Africa.
21	(b) The Secretary of State and any other head of a de-
22	partment or agency of the United States earrying out activi-
23	ties in South Africa shall promptly take, to the extent permit-
24	ted by law, the necessary steps to ensure that the labor prac-
25	tices applied to the employment services described in para-

1	graphs (1) through (3) of subsection (a) are governed by the
2	Code of Conduct.
3	WELFARE AND PROTECTION OF VICTIMS OF APARTHEID
4	DY THE UNITED STATES
5	SEC. 206. (a) The Secretary shall acquire, through lease
6	or purchase, residential properties in the Republic of South
7	Africa that shall be made available, at rents that are equita-
8	ble, to assist victims of apartheid who are employees of the
9	United States Government in obtaining adequate housing.
10	Such properties shall be acquired only in neighborhoods
11	which would be open to occupancy by other employees of the
12	United States Government in South Africa.
13	(b) There are authorized to be appropriated
14	\$10,000,000 for the fiscal year 1987 to carry out the pur-
15	poses of this section.
16	EMPLOYMENT PRACTICES OF UNITED STATES NATIONALS
17	IN SOUTH AFRICA
18	SEC. 207. (a) Any national of the United States that
19	employs more than 25 persons in South Africa shall take the
20	necessary steps to insure that the Code of Conduct is
21	implemented.
22	(b) No department or agency of the United States may
23	intercede with any foreign government or foreign national
24	regarding the export marketing activities in any country of
25	any national of the United States employing more than 25

1	persons in South Africa that is not implementing the Code of
2	Conduct.
3	CODE OF CONDUCT
4	SEC. 208. (a) The Code of Conduct referred to in sec-
5	tions 203, 205, 207, and 210 of this Act is as follows:
6	(1) Desegregating the races in each employment
7	facility;
8	(2) Providing equal employment opportunity for
9	all employees without regard to race or ethnic origin;
10	(3) Assuring that the pay system is applied to all
11	employees without regard to race or ethnic origin;
12	(4) Establishing a minimum wage and salary
13	structure based on the appropriate local minimum eco-
14	nomic level which takes into account the needs of em-
15	ployees and their families;
16	(5) Increasing by appropriate means the number
17	of persons in managerial, supervisory, administrative,
18	elerical, and technical jobs who are disadvantaged by
19	the apartheid system for the purpose of significantly in-
20	ereasing their representation in such jobs;
21	(6) Taking reasonable steps to improve the quality
22	of employees' lives outside the work environment with
23	respect to housing, transportation, schooling, recrea-
24	tion, and health;
25	(7) Implementing fair labor practices by recogniz-
26	ing the right of all employees, regardless of racial or

1	other distinctions, to self-organization and to form,
2	join, or assist labor organizations, freely and without
3	penalty or reprisal, and recognizing the right to refrain
4	from any such activity.
5	(b) It is the sense of the Congress that in addition to the
6	principles enumerated in subsection (a), nationals of the
7	United States subject to section 207 should seek to comply
8	with the following principle: taking reasonable measures to
9	extend the scope of influence on activities outside the work-
10	place, including—
11	(1) supporting the unrestricted rights of black
12	businesses to locate in urban areas;
13	(2) influencing other companies in South Africa to
14	follow the standards of equal rights principles;
15	(3) supporting the freedom of mobility of black
16	workers to seek employment opportunities wherever
17	they exist, and make provision for adequate housing for
18	families of employees within the proximity of workers'
19	employment; and
20	(4) supporting the reseission of all apartheid laws.
21	(e) The President may issue additional guidelines and
22	criteria to assist persons who are or may be subject to section
23	207 in complying with the principles set forth in subsection
24	(a) of this section. The President may, upon request, give an
25	advisory opinion to any person who is or may be subject to

- 1 this section as to whether that person is subject to this sec-
- 2 tion or would be considered to be in compliance with the
- 3 principles set forth in subsection (a).
- 4 (d) The President may require all nationals of the
- 5 United States referred to in section 207 to register with the
- 6 United States Government.
- 7 (e) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the
- 8 President may enter into contracts with one or more private
- 9 organizations or individuals to assist in implementing this
- 10 section.
- 11 PROHIBITION ON ASSISTANCE
- 12 SEC. 209. No assistance may be provided under this
- 13 Act to any group which maintains within its ranks any indi-
- 14 vidual who has been found to engage in gross violations of
- 15 internationally recognized human rights (as defined in section
- 16 502B(d)(1) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961).
- 17 PROHIBITION ON NEW INVESTMENTS IN CERTAIN FIRMS
- 18 SEC. 210. No national of the United States may make
- 19 or approve any new investment in South Africa to, or on
- 20 behalf of, any controlled South African entity employing 25
- 21 or more individuals if such entity is not adhering to the Code
- 22 of Conduct.

1	TITLE III—MEASURES BY THE UNITED
2	STATES TO UNDERMINE APARTHEID
3	PROHIBITION ON THE IMPORTATION OF KRUGERBANDS
4	SEC. 301. (a) No person, including a bank, may import
5	into the United States any South African krugerrand or any
6	other gold coin minted in South Africa or offered for sale by
7	the Government of South Africa.
8	(b) For purposes of this section, the term "United
9	States" includes the States of the United States, the District
10	of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, and any
11	territory or possession of the United States.
12	PROHIBITION ON THE IMPORTATION OF MILITARY
13	ARTICLES
14	SEC. 302. No arms, ammunition, or military vehicles
15	produced in South Africa or any manufacturing data for such
16	articles may be imported into the United States.
17	PROHIBITION ON THE IMPORTATION OF PRODUCTS FROM
18	PARASTATAL ORGANIZATIONS
19	SEC. 303. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of
20	law, no article which is grown, produced, or manufactured by
21	a parastatal organization of South Africa may be imported
22	into the United States, except for those strategic minerals for
23	which the President has certified to the Congress that the
24	quantities essential for the economy or defense of the United
25	States are unavailable from reliable and secure suppliers.

1	(b) For purposes of this section, the term "parastatal
2	organization" means a corporation or partnership owned or
3	controlled by the Government of South Africa.
4	PROHIBITION ON COMPUTER EXPORTS TO SOUTH AFRICA
5	SEC. 304. (a) No computers, computer software, or
6	goods or technology intended to manufacture or service com-
7	puters may be exported to or for use by any of the following
8	entities of the Government of South Africa:
9	(1) The military.
10	(2) The police.
11	(3) The prison system.
12	(4) The national security agencies.
13	(5) ARMSCOR and its subsidiaries or the weap-
14	ons research activities of the Council for Scientific and
15	Industrial Research.
16	(6) The administering authorities for controlling
17	the movements of the victims of apartheid.
18	(7) Any apartheid enforcing agency.
19	(8) Any local, regional, or homelands government
20	entity which performs any function of any entity de-
21	scribed in paragraphs (1) through (7).
22	(b)(1) Computers, computer software, and goods or tech-
23	nology intended to service computers may be exported, di-
24	rectly or indirectly, to or for use by an entity of the Govern-
25	ment of South Africa other than those set forth in subsection
26	(a) only if a system of end use verification is in effect to
	●S 2701 RS

1	ensure that the computers involved will not be used for any
2	function of any entity set forth in subsection (a).
3	(2) The Secretary of Commerce may prescribe such
4	rules and regulations as may be necessary to earry out this
5	section.
6	PROHIBITION ON LOANS TO THE GOVERNMENT OF SOUTH
7	<del>AFRICA</del>
8	SEC. 305. (a) No national of the United States may
9	make or approve any loan or other extension of credit, direct-
10	ly or indirectly, to the Government of South Africa or to any
11	corporation, partnership or other organization which is
12	owned or controlled by the Government of South Africa.
13	(b) The prohibition contained in subsection (a) shall not
14	apply to—
15	(1) a loan or extension of eredit for any education,
16	housing, or humanitarian benefit which
17	(A) is available to all persons on a nondis-
18	eriminatory basis; er
19	(B) is available in a geographic area accessi-
20	ble to all population groups without any legal or
21	administrative restriction; or
22	(2) a loan or extension of credit for which an
23	agreement is entered into before the date of enactment
24	of this Act.

1	PROHIBITION ON AIR TRANSPORTATION WITH SOUTH
2	AFRICA
3	SEC. 306. (a)(1) The Secretary of State shall terminate
4	the Agreement Between the Government of the United
5	States of America and the Government of the Union of South
6	Africa Relating to Air Services Between Their Respective
7	Territories, signed May 28, 1947, in accordance with the
8	provisions of that agreement.
9	(2) Upon termination of such agreement, the Secretary
10	of Transportation shall prohibit any aircraft of a foreign air
11	earrier owned, directly or indirectly, by the Government of
12	South Africa or by South African nationals from engaging in
13	air transportation with respect to the United States.
14	(b) The Secretary of Transportation may provide for
15	such exceptions from the prohibition contained in subsection
16	(a) as the Secretary considers necessary to provide for emer-
17	geneies in which the safety of an aircraft or its erew or pas-
18	sengers are threatened.
19	(e) For purposes of this section, the terms "aircraft",
20	"air transportation", and "foreign air earrier" have the
21	meanings given those terms in section 101 of the Federal
22	Aviation Act of 1958 (49 U.S.C. 1301).
23	PROHIBITIONS ON NUCLEAR TRADE WITH SOUTH AFRICA
24	SEC. 307. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of
25	<del>law</del>

1	(1) the Nuclear Regulatory Commission shall not
2	issue any license for the export to South Africa of pro-
3	duction or utilization facilities, any source or special
4	nuclear material or sensitive nuclear technology, or
5	any component parts, items, or substances which the
6	Commission has determined, pursuant to section 109b.
7	of the Atomic Energy Act, to be especially relevant
8	from the standpoint of export control because of their
9	significance for nuclear explosive purposes,
10	(2) the Secretary of Commerce shall not issue any
11	license for the export to South Africa of any goods or
12	technology which have been determined, pursuant to
13	section 309(e) of the Nuclear Non-Proliferation Act of
14	1978, to be of significance for nuclear explosive pur-
15	poses for use in, or judged by the President to be likely
16	to be diverted to, a South African production or utiliza-
17	tion facility,
18	(3) the Secretary of Energy shall not, under sec-
19	tion 57b.(2) of the Atomic Energy Act, authorize any
20	person to engage, directly or indirectly, in the produc-
21	tion of special nuclear material in South Africa, and
22	(4) no goods, technology, source or special nuclear
23	material, facilities, components, items, or substances
24	referred to in clauses (1) through (3) shall be approved

1	by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission or an executive
2	branch agency for retransfer to South Africa,
3	unless the Secretary of State determines and certifies to the
4	Speaker of the House of Representatives and the chairman of
5	the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate that the
6	Government of South Africa is a party to the Treaty on the
7	Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons, done at Washington,
8	London, and Moscow on July 1, 1968, or otherwise main-
9	tains International Atomic Energy Agency safeguards on all
10	its peaceful nuclear activities, as defined in the Nuclear Non-
11	Proliferation Act of 1978.
12	(b) Nothing in this section shall preclude—
13	(1) any export, retransfer, or activity generally li-
14	censed or generally authorized by the Nuclear Regula-
15	tory Commission or the Department of Commerce or
16	the Department of Energy, or
17	(2) assistance for the purpose of developing or ap-
18	plying International Atomic Energy Agency or United
19	States bilateral safeguards, for International Atomic
20	Energy Agency programs generally available to its
21	member states, for reducing the use of highly enriched
<b>22</b>	uranium in research or test reactors, or for other tech-
23	nical programs for the purpose of reducing proliferation
24	risks, such as programs to extend the life of reactor
25	fuel and activities envisaged by section 223 of the Nu-

1	elear Waste Policy Act of 1982 or which are necessary
2	for humanitarian reasons to protect the public health
3	and safety.
4	(e) The prohibitions contained in subsection (a) shall not
5	apply with respect to a particular export, retransfer, or activ-
6	ity, or a group of exports, retransfers, or activities, if the
7	President determines that to apply the prohibitions would be
8	seriously prejudicial to the achievement of United States non-
9	proliferation objectives or would otherwise jeopardize the
10	common defense and security of the United States and, if at
11	least 60 days before the initial export, retransfer, or activity
12	is carried out, the President submits to the Speaker of the
13	House of Representatives and the chairman of the Commit-
14	tee on Foreign Relations of the Senate a report setting forth
15	that determination, together with his reasons therefor.
16	RESTRICTIONS ON ISSUANCE OF VISAS TO SOUTH AFRICAN
17	NATIONALS
18	SEC. 308. (a) The Congress finds that—
19	(1) American journalists, scholars, and clergy,
20	among others, have experienced problems in obtaining
21	visas to visit South Africa; and
22	(2) South African officials may have visited the
23	United States to gather, surreptitiously, information
24	useful in circumventing the international arms embargo
25	in effect against South Africa.

(b)(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the 1 President shall define a class of persons consisting of all South African Government officials, including individuals 4 performing services for the Government of South Africa, and members of their immediate families. 6 (2) On or after the date of enactment of this Act, no visa for admission to the United States may be issued to any individual in such class except on a case-by-case basis in the discretion of the Secretary of State. 10 (3) No visa issued before the date of enactment of this a nonimmigrant alien described in Act to 12 101(a)(15)(A) of the Immigration and Nationality Act shall be 13 valid after a date which is 30 days after the date of enact-14 ment of this Act. 15 SALES OF GOLD STOCKS 16 SEC. 309. Whenever the President determines that such action is necessary or appropriate to affect the price of gold on the world markets and thereby to earry out the provisions of this Act, the President is authorized to sell United States gold stocks on the open market and to engage in other transactions involving gold in such manner as the President may 22<del>prescribe.</del> 23 GOVERNMENT OF SOUTH AFRICA BANK ACCOUNTS 24 SEC. 310. (a) A United States depository institution may not accept, receive, or hold a deposit account from the

26 Government of South Africa or from any agency or entity

1	owned or controlled by the Government of South Africa
2	except for such accounts which may be authorized by the
3	President for diplomatic and consular purposes. For the pur-
4	pose of the preceding sentence, the term "depository institu-
5	tion" has the same meaning as in section 19(b)(1) of the Fed-
6	eral Reserve Act.
7	(b) The prohibition contained in subsection (a) shall take
8	effect 45 days after the date of enactment of this Act.
9	TERMINATION OF CERTAIN PROVISIONS
10	SEC. 311. (a) The provisions of sections 301 through
11	310 and sections 501(e) and 503(b) shall terminate if the
12	Government of South Africa
13	(1) releases Nelson Mandela from prison;
14	(2) repeals the state of emergency in effect on the
15	date of enactment of this Act and releases all detainees
16	held under such state of emergency;
17	(3) unbans political parties; and
18	(4) repeals the Group Areas Act.
19	(b) The President may suspend or modify any of the
20	measures required by sections 301 through 310 or section
21	501 or 503 30 days after he determines, and so reports to the
22	Congress, that the Government of South Africa has-
23	(1) taken any two of the four actions listed in sub-
24	section (a), and

1	(2) made substantial progress toward dismantling
2	the system of apartheid and establishing a nonracial
3	democracy,
4	if the Congress does not enact within such 30-day period, in
5	accordance with section 602 of this Act, a joint resolution
6	disapproving the determination of the President under this
7	subsection.
8	TITLE IV—MULTILATERAL MEASURES TO
9	UNDERMINE APARTHEID
10	NEGOTIATING AUTHORITY
11	SEC. 401. (a)(1) It is the policy goal of the United
12	States to seek international cooperation with the industrial-
13	ized democracies on measures which will encourage an end
14	to apartheid. The net economic effect of such cooperation
15	should be at least equal to the net economic effect of the
16	measures imposed by this Act.
17	(2) For the purposes of paragraph (1), the term "net
18	economic effect" means the cumulative impact on the South
19	African economy as a whole of the measures imposed under
20	sections 301 through 310.
21	(b) Negotiations to reach international cooperative ar-
22	rangements with the other industrialized democracies should
23	begin promptly and should be concluded not later than 180
24	days after the date of enactment of this Act.

1	(e) If the President successfully concludes an interna-
2	tional agreement on measures described in subsection (a), he
3	may, 30 days after the text of such agreement has been re-
4	ceived by the Congress, adjust, modify, or otherwise amend
5	the measures imposed under any provision of sections 301
6	through 310 to conform with such agreement.
7	(d) Each agreement submitted to the Congress under
8	this subsection shall enter into force with respect to the
9	United States if (and only if)—
10	(1) the President, not less than 30 days before the
11	day on which he enters into such agreement, notifies
12	the House of Representatives and the Senate of his in-
13	tention to enter into such an agreement, and promptly
14	thereafter publishes notice of such intention in the Fed-
15	eral Register;
16	(2) after entering into the agreement, the Presi-
17	dent transmits a document to the House of Represent-
18	atives and to the Senate containing a copy of the final
19	legal text of such agreement together with-
20	(A) a statement of any administrative action
21	proposed to implement such agreement, and an
22	explanation as to how the implementing bill and
23	proposed administrative action change or affect
24	existing law, and

1	(B) a statement of his reasons as to how the
2	agreement serves the interest of United States
3	foreign policy and as to why the proposed admin-
4	istrative action is required or appropriate to carry
5	out the agreement; and
6	(3) a joint resolution of disapproval has not been
7	adopted within 30 days of transmittal of such docu-
8	ment to the Congress.
9	UNFAIR TRADE PRACTICES
10	SEC. 402. The Congress declares that it shall be an
11	unfair trade practice under section 301(a)(1)(B)(ii) of the
12	Trade Act of 1974 for any foreign person, partnership, or
13	corporation to benefit from or otherwise take commercial ad-
14	vantage of any sanction or prohibition against any national of
15	the United States imposed by or under this Act.
16	PRIVATE BIGHT OF ACTION
17	SEC. 403. (a) Any national of the United States who is
18	required by this Act to terminate or curtail business activities
19	in South Africa may bring a civil action for damages against
20	any person, partnership, or corporation that takes commer-
21	cial advantage or otherwise benefits from such termination or
22	curtailment.
23	(b) The action described in subsection (a) may only be
24	brought, without respect to the amount in controversy, in the
25	United States district court for the District of Columbia or
26	the Court of International Trade. Damages which may be

1	recovered include profits lost as a result of this Act and the
2	cost of bringing the action, including a reasonable attorney's
3	<del>fee.</del>
4	(e) The injured party must show by a prependerance of
5	the evidence that the damages have been the direct result of
6	defendant's action taken with the deliberate intent to injure
7	the party.
8	TITLE V—FUTURE POLICY TOWARD SOUTH
9	AFRICA
10	ADDITIONAL MEASURES
11	SEC. 501. (a) It shall be the policy of the United States
12	to impose additional measures against the Government of
13	South Africa if substantial progress has not been made within
14	12 months of the date of enactment of this Act in ending the
15	system of apartheid and establishing a nonracial democracy.
16	(b) The President shall prepare and transmit to the
17	Speaker of the House of Representatives and the chairman of
18	the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate within
19	twelve months of the date of enactment of this Act, and
20	every twelve months thereafter, a report on the extent to
21	which significant progress has been made toward ending the
22	system of apartheid, including—
23	(1) an assessment of the extent to which the Gov-
24	ernment of South Africa has taken the steps set forth
25	in section 101(b) of this Act;

1	(2) an analysis of any other actions taken by the
2	Government of South Africa in ending the system of
3	apartheid and moving toward a nonracial democracy;
4	<del>and</del>
5	(3) the progress, or lack of progress, made in
6	reaching a negotiated settlement to the conflict in
7	South Africa.
8	(e) If the President determines that significant progress
9	has not been made by the Government of South Africa in
10	ending the system of apartheid and establishing a nonracial
11	democracy, the President shall include in the report required
12	by subsection a recommendation on which of the following
13	additional measures should be imposed:
14	(1) a denial of most-favored-nation status to South
15	Africa;
16	(2) a prohibition on the importation of coal;
17	(3) a prohibition on deposits held in United States
18	banks by South African nationals (other than deposits
19	eovered by section 310);
20	(4) coordinated efforts by the industrialized na-
21	tions to lower the price of gold;
22	(5) a prohibition on the importation into the
23	United States of uranium ore or uranium exide from
24	South Africa and Namibia:

1	(6) coordinated efforts by the industrialized na-
2	tions and others to curtail or terminate telecommunica-
3	tions, postal, and telegraph services with South Africa;
4	(7) a prohibition on United States investment in
5	South Africa; or
6	(8) other economic or political measures.
7	(d) A joint resolution which would enact part or all of
8	the measures recommended by the President pursuant to sub-
9	section (e) shall be considered in accordance with the provi-
10	sions of section 602 of this Act.
11	STUDY OF HEALTH CONDITIONS IN THE "HOMELANDS"
12	AREAS OF SOUTH AFRICA
13	SEC. 502. The Secretary of State shall conduct a study
14	to examine the state of health conditions and to determine
15	the extent of starvation and malnutrition now prevalent in
16	the "homelands" areas of South Africa and shall, not later
17	than December 1, 1986, prepare and transmit to the Speaker
18	of the House of Representatives and the chairman of the
19	Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate a report set-
20	ting forth the results of such study.
21	REPORT ON SOUTH AFRICAN IMPORTS
22	SEC. 503. (a) Not later than 90 days after the date of
23	enactment of this Act, the President shall submit to the Con-
24	gress a report on the extent to which the United States is
25	dependent on the importation from South Africa of—
26	(1) chromium,

1	(2) cobalt,
2	(3) manganese,
3	(4) platinum group metals,
4	(5) ferroalloys, and
5	(6) other strategic and critical materials (within
6	the meaning of the Strategie and Critical Materials
7	Stock Piling Act).
8	(b) The President shall develop a program which re-
9	duces the dependence, if any, of the United States on the
10	importation from South Africa of the materials identified in
11	the report submitted under subsection (a).
12	STUDY AND REPORT ON THE ECONOMY OF SOUTHERN
13	<del>AFRICA</del>
13 14	AFRICA SEC. 504. (a) The President shall conduct a study on
14	SEC. 504. (a) The President shall conduct a study on
14 15	SEC. 504. (a) The President shall conduct a study on the role of American assistance in southern Africa to deter-
14 15 16 17	SEC. 504. (a) The President shall conduct a study on the role of American assistance in southern Africa to determine what needs to be done, and what can be done to expand
14 15 16 17	SEC. 504. (a) The President shall conduct a study on the role of American assistance in southern Africa to determine what needs to be done, and what can be done to expand the trade, private investment, and transport prospects of
14 15 16 17 18 19	SEC. 504. (a) The President shall conduct a study on the role of American assistance in southern Africa to determine what needs to be done, and what can be done to expand the trade, private investment, and transport prospects of southern Africa's landlocked nations.
14 15 16 17 18 19	SEC. 504. (a) The President shall conduct a study on the role of American assistance in southern Africa to determine what needs to be done, and what can be done to expand the trade, private investment, and transport prospects of southern Africa's landlocked nations.  (b) Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	SEC. 504. (a) The President shall conduct a study on the role of American assistance in southern Africa to determine what needs to be done, and what can be done to expand the trade, private investment, and transport prospects of southern Africa's landlocked nations.  (b) Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the President shall prepare and transmit to the
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	SEC. 504. (a) The President shall conduct a study on the role of American assistance in southern Africa to determine what needs to be done, and what can be done to expand the trade, private investment, and transport prespects of southern Africa's landlocked nations.  (b) Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the President shall prepare and transmit to the chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations of the

1	REPORT ON RELATIONS BETWEEN OTHER
2	INDUSTRIALIZED DEMOCRACIES AND SOUTH AFRICA
3	SEC. 505. (a) Not later than 180 days after the date of
4	enactment of this Act, the President shall prepare and trans-
5	mit to the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the
6	chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations of the
7	Senate a report containing a detailed assessment of the coo-
8	nomic and other relationships of other industrialized democ-
9	racies with South Africa. Such report shall be transmitted
10	without regard to whether or not the President successfully
11	concluded an international agreement under title IV.
12	(b) For the purposes of this section, the phrase "eco-
13	nomic and other relationships" includes those matters cov-
14	ered by sections 201, 202, 204, 205, 206, 207, 301, 302,
15	303, 304, 305, 306, 307, and 308 of this Act.
16	TITLE VI—ENFORCEMENT AND
17	ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS
18	REGULATORY AUTHORITY
19	SEC. 601. The President shall issue such rules, regula-
20	tions, licenses, and orders as are necessary to earry out the
21	provisions of this Act, including taking such steps as may be
<b>22</b>	necessary to continue in effect the measures imposed by Ex-
23	ecutive Order 12532 of September 9, 1985 and any rule,
24	regulation, license, or order issued thereunder.

1	CONGRESSIONAL PRIORITY PROCEDURES
2	SEC. 602.(a)(1) The provisions of this subsection apply
3	to the consideration in the House of Representatives of a
4	joint resolution under sections 311(b), 401(d), and 501(d).
5	(2) A joint resolution shall, upon introduction, be re-
6	ferred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of
7	Representatives.
8	(3)(A) At any time after the joint resolution placed on
9	the appropriate calendar has been on that calendar for a
10	period of 5 legislative days, it is in order for any Member of
11	the House (after consultation with the Speaker as to the most
12	appropriate time for the consideration of that joint resolution)
13	to move that the House resolve itself into the Committee of
14	the Whole House on the State of the Union for the consider-
15	ation of that joint resolution. The motion is highly privileged
16	and is in order even though a previous motion to the same
17	effect has been disagreed to. All points of order against the
18	joint resolution under clauses 2 and 6 of Rule XXI of the
19	Rules of the House are waived. If the motion is agreed to,
20	the resolution shall remain the unfinished business of the
21	House until disposed of. A motion to reconsider the vote by
22	which the motion is disagreed to shall not be in order.
23	(B) Debate on the joint resolution shall not exceed ten
24	hours, which shall be divided equally between a Member fa-
25	voring and a Member opposing the joint resolution. A motion

1	to limit debate is in order at any time in the House or in the
2	Committee of the Whole and is not debatable.
3	(C) An amendment to the joint resolution is not in order.
4	(D) At the conclusion of the debate on the joint resolu-
5	tion, the Committee of the Whole shall rise and report the
6	joint resolution back to the House, and the previous question
7	shall be considered as ordered on the joint resolution to final
8	passage without intervening motion.
9	(5) As used in this subsection, the term "legislative
10	day" means a day on which the House is in session.
11	(b)(1) The provisions of this subsection apply to the con-
12	sideration in the Senate of a joint resolution under section
13	<del>311(b), 401(d), or 501(d).</del>
14	(2) A joint resolution shall, upon introduction, be re-
15	ferred to the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate.
16	(3) A joint resolution described in this section shall be
17	considered in the Senate in accordance with precedures con-
18	tained in paragraphs (2) through (7) of section 8066(e) of the
19	Department of Defense Appropriations Act, 1985 (as con-
20	tained in Public Law 98-473), except that-
21	(A) references in such paragraphs to the Commit-
22	tee on Appropriations of the Senate shall be deemed to
23	be references to the Committee on Foreign Relations
24	of the Senate; and

1	(D) amendments to the joint resolution are in
2	order.
3	(e) For purposes of this subsection, the term "joint reso-
4	lution" means only—
5	(A) in the case of section 311(b), a joint resolution
6	which is introduced in a House of Congress within 3
7	legislative days after the Congress receives the report
8	described in section 311(b) and for which the matter
9	after the resolving clause reads as follows: "That the
10	Congress, having received on the report
11	of the President containing the determination required
12	by section 311(b) of the Comprehensive Anti-Apartheid
13	Act of 1986, disapproves of such determination.", with
14	the date of the receipt of the report inserted in the
15	<del>blank;</del>
16	(B) in the ease of section 401(d)(3), a joint resolu-
17	tion which is introduced in a House of Congress within
18	3 legislative days after the Congress receives the docu-
19	ment described in section 401(d)(2) and for which the
20	matter after the resolving clause reads as follows:
21	"That the Congress, having received on
22	the text of the international agreement described in
23	section 401(d)(3) of the Comprehensive Anti-Apartheid
24	Act of 1986, disapproves of such agreement.", with

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the date	of the	<del>receipt</del> e	f the	text	of the	$\frac{\mathbf{agreement}}{\mathbf{agreement}}$	<del>in-</del>
serted in	the bla	nk; and					

(C) in the case of section 501(d), a joint resolution which is introduced in a House of Congress within 3 legislative days after the Congress receives the determination of the President pursuant to section 501(e) and for which the matter after the resolving clause reads as follows: "That the Congress, having received on a determination of the President under section 501(e) of the Comprehensive Anti-Apartheid Act of 1986, approves the President's determination.", with the date of the receipt of the determination inserted in the blank.

### (d) This section is enacted—

(1) as an exercise of the rulemaking powers of the House of Representatives and Senate, and as such it is deemed a part of the Rules of the House and the Rules of the Senate, respectively, but applicable only with respect to the procedure to be followed in the House and the Senate in the ease of joint resolutions under this section, and it supersedes other rules only to the extent that it is inconsistent with such rules; and

(2) with full recognition of the constitutional right of the House and the Senate to change their rules at any time, in the same manner, and to the same extent

1	as in the case of any other rule of the House or
2	Senate, and of the right of the Committee on Rules of
3	the House of Representatives to report a resolution for
4	the consideration of any measure.
5	ENFORCEMENT AND PENALTIES
6	SEC. 603. (a)(1) The President with respect to his au-
7	thorities under section 601 shall take the necessary steps to
8	ensure compliance with the provisions of this Act and any
9	regulations, licenses, and orders issued to earry out this Act,
10	including establishing mechanisms to monitor compliance
11	with this Act and such regulations, licenses, and orders.
12	(2) In ensuring such compliance, the President may—
13	(A) require any person to keep a full record of,
14	and to furnish under oath, in the form of reports or
15	otherwise, complete information relative to any act or
16	transaction described in this Act either before, during,
17	or after the completion thereof, or relative to any inter-
18	est in foreign property, or relative to any property in
19	which a foreign country or any national thereof has or
20	has had any interest, or as may be otherwise necessary
21	to enforce the provisions of this Act; and
22	(B) conduct investigations, hold hearings, adminis-
23	ter eaths, examine witnesses, receive evidence, take
24	depositions, and require by subpoena the attendance
25	and testimony of witnesses and the production of all

1	books, papers, and documents relating to any matter
2	under investigation.
3	(b) Except as provided in subsection (d)—
4	(1) any person that violates the provisions of this
5	Act, or any regulation, license, or order issued to carry
6	out this Act shall be subject to a civil penalty of
7	<del>\$50,000;</del>
8	(2) any person, other than an individual, that will-
9	fully violates the provisions of this Act, or any regula-
10	tion, license, or order issued to earry out this Act shall
11	be fined not more than \$1,000,000;
12	(3) any individual who violates the provisions of
13	this Act or any regulation, license, or order issued to
14	earry out this Act shall be fined not more than
15	\$50,000, or imprisoned not more than 10 years, or
16	both; and
17	(4) any individual who violates section 301(a) or
18	any regulations issued to earry out that section shall,
19	instead of the penalty set forth in paragraph (2), be
20	fined not more than 5 times the value of the Kruger-
21	rands or gold coins involved.
22	(e)(1) Whenever a person commits a violation under sub-
23	section (b)
24	(A) any officer, director, or employee of such
25	person, or any natural person in control of such person

1	who knowingly and willfully ordered, authorized, ac-
2	quiesced in, or carried out the act or practice constitut-
3	ing the violation, and
4	(B) any agent of such person who knowingly and
5	willfully earried out such act or practice,
6	shall be fined not more than \$10,000, or imprisoned not more
7	than 5 years, or both.
8	(2) Paragraph (1) shall not apply in the ease of a viola-
9	tion by an individual of section 301(a) of this Act or of any
10	regulation issued to earry out that section.
11	(3) A fine imposed under paragraph (1) on an individual
12	for an act or practice constituting a violation may not be
13	paid, directly or indirectly, by the person committing the vio-
14	lation itself.
15	(d)(1) Any person who violates any regulation issued
16	under section 208(d) or who, in a registration statement or
17	report required by the Scoretary, makes any untrue state-
18	ment of a material fact or omits to state a material fact re-
19	quired to be stated therein or necessary to make the state-
20	ments therein not misleading, shall be subject to a civil pen-
21	alty of not more than \$10,000 imposed by the Secretary. The
22	provisions of subsections (d), (e), and (f) of section 11 of the
23	Export Administration Act of 1979 shall apply with respect
24	to any such civil penalty.

1	(2) Any person who commits a willful violation under
2	paragraph (1) shall upon conviction be fined not more than
3	\$1,000,000 or imprisoned not more than 2 years, or both.
4	(3) Nothing in this section may be construed to author-
5	ize the imposition of any penalty for failure to implement the
6	Code of Conduct.
7	APPLICABILITY TO EVASIONS OF ACT
8	SEC. 604. This Act and the regulations issued to earry
9	out this Act shall apply to any person who undertakes or
10	eauses to be undertaken any transaction or activity with the
11	intent to evade this Act or such regulations.
12	CONSTRUCTION OF ACT
13	SEC. 605. Nothing in this Act shall be construed as
14	constituting any recognition by the United States of the
15	homelands referred to in this Act.
16	SHORT TITLE
17	Section 1. This Act may be cited as the "Comprehen-
18	sive Anti-Apartheid Act of 1986".
19	TABLE OF CONTENTS
20	Sec. 2. The table of contents of this Act is as follows:  Sec. 1. Short title.  Sec. 2. Table of contents.  Sec. 3. Definitions.  Sec. 4. Purpose.
	TITLE I—POLICY OF THE UNITED STATES WITH RESPECT TO ENDING APARTHEID
	Sec. 101. Policy toward the Government of South Africa.  Sec. 102. Policy toward the victims of apartheid.  Sec. 103. Policy toward other countries in Southern Africa.  Sec. 104. Policy toward "frontline" states.  Sec. 105. Policy toward a negotiated settlement.  Sec. 106. Policy toward international conversion on measures to end apartheid.

Sec. 107. Policy toward "necklacing".

## TITLE II—MEASURES TO ASSIST VICTIMS OF APARTHEID

- Sec. 201. Scholarships for the victims of apartheid.
- Sec. 202. Human rights fund.
- Sec. 203. Expanding participation in the South African economy.
- Sec. 204. Export-Import Bank of the United States.
- Sec. 205. Labor practices of the United States Government in South Africa.
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- Sec. 207. Employment practices of United States nationals in South Africa.
- Sec. 208. Code of Conduct.
- Sec. 209. Prohibition on assistance.
- Sec. 210. Use of the African Emergency Reserve.

# TITLE III—MEASURES BY THE UNITED STATES TO UNDERMINE APARTHEID

- Sec. 301. Prohibition on the importation of krugerrands.
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- Sec. 306. Prohibition on air transportation with South Africa.
- Sec. 307. Prohibitions on nuclear trade with South Africa.
- Sec. 308. Restrictions on issuance of visas to South African nationals.
- Sec. 309. Sales of gold stocks.
- Sec. 310. Government of South Africa bank accounts.
- Sec. 311. Prohibition on importation of uranium and coal from South Africa.
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- Sec. 313. Termination of certain provisions.

## TITLE IV—MULTILATERAL MEASURES TO UNDERMINE APARTHEID

- Sec. 401. Negotiating authority.
- Sec. 402. Unfair trade practices.
- Sec. 403. Private right of action.

## TITLE V-FUTURE POLICY TOWARD SOUTH AFRICA

- Sec. 501. Additional measures.
- Sec. 502. Study of health conditions in the "homelands" areas of South Africa.
- Sec. 503. Reports on South African imports.
- Sec. 504. Study and report on the economy of southern Africa.
- Sec. 505. Report on relations between other industrialized democracies and South Africa.
- Sec. 506. Study and report on deposit accounts of South African nationals in United States banks.
- Sec. 507. Study and report on the violation of the international embargo on sale and export of military articles to South Africa.

## TITLE VI-ENFORCEMENT AND ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

- Sec. 601. Regulatory authority.
- Sec. 602. Congressional priority procedures.

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Sec. 603. Enforcement and penalties. Sec. 604. Applicability to evasions of Act.

	Sec. 605. Construction of Act.
1	DEFINITIONS
2	Sec. 3. As used in this Act—
3	(1) the term "Code of Conduct" refers to the prin-
4	ciples set forth in section 208(a);
5	(2) the term "controlled South African entity"
6	means—
7	(A) a corporation, partnership, or other busi-
8	ness association or entity organized in South
9	Africa and owned or controlled, directly or indi-
10	rectly, by a national of the United States; or
11	(B) a branch, office, agency, or sole propri-
12	etorship in South Africa of a national of the
13	United States;
14	(3) the term "loan"—
15	(A) means any transfer or extension of funds
16	or credit on the basis of an obligation to repay, or
17	any assumption or guarantee of the obligation of
18	another to repay an extension of funds or credit,
19	including—
20	(i) overdrafts,
21	(ii) currency swaps,
22	(iii) the purchase of debt or equity secu-
29	rities issued by the Government of South

1	Africa or a South African entity on or after
2	the date of enactment of this Act,
3	(iv) the purchase of a loan made by an-
4	other person,
5	(v) the sale of financial assets subject to
6	an agreement to repurchase, and
7	(vi) a renewal or refinancing whereby
8	funds or credits are transferred or extended
9	to the Government of South Africa or a
10	South African entity, and
11	(B) does not include—
12	(i) normal short-term trade financing,
13	as by letters of credit or similar trade credits;
14	(ii) sales on open account in cases
15	where such sales are normal business prac-
16	tice; or
17	(iii) rescheduling of existing loans, if no
18	new funds or credits are thereby extended to
19	a South African entity or the Government of
20	South Africa;
21	(4) the term "new investment"—
22	(A) means—
23	(i) a commitment or contribution of
24	funds or other assets, and

1	(ii) a loan or other extension of credit,
2	and
3	(B) does not include—
4	(i) the reinvestment of profits generated
5	by a controlled South African entity into
6	that same controlled South African entity or
7	the investment of such profits in a South Af-
8	rican entity;
9	(ii) contributions of money or other
10	assets where such contributions are necessary
11	to enable a controlled South African entity to
12	operate in an economically sound manner,
13	without expanding its operations; or
14	(iii) the ownership or control of a share
15	or interest in a South African entity or a
16	controlled South African entity of a debt or
17	equity security issued by the Government of
18	South Africa or a South African entity
19	before the date of enactment of this Act, or
20	the transfer or acquisition of such a share,
21	interest, or debt or equity security, if any
22	such transfer or acquisition does not result
23	in a payment, contribution of funds or
24	assets, or credit to a South African entity, a

1	controlled South African entity, or the Gov-
2	ernment of South Africa;
3	(5) the term "national of the United States"
4	means—
5	(A) a natural person who is a citizen of the
6	United States or who owes permanent allegiance
7	to the United States or is an alien lawfully ad-
8	mitted for permanent residence in the United
9	States, as defined by section $101(a)(2\partial)$ of the
10	Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C.
11	1101(a)(20)); or
12	(B) a corporation, partnership, or other busi-
13	ness association which is organized under the
14	laws of the United States, any State or territory
15	thereof, or the District of Columbia;
16	(6) the term "South Africa" refers to the territory
17	that constituted the Republic of South Africa on May
18	31, 1961;
19	(7) the term "South African entity" means—
20	(A) a corporation, partnership, or other busi-
21	ness association or entity organized in South
22	$Africa;\ or$
23	(B) a branch, office, agency, or sole propri-
24	etorship in South Africa of a person that resides
25	or is organized outside South Africa; and

1	(8) the term "United States" includes the States
2	of the United States, the District of Columbia, the
3	Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, and any territory or
4	possession of the United States.
5	PURPOSE
6	Sec. 4. The purpose of this Act is to set forth a compre-
7	hensive and complete framework to guide the efforts of the
8	United States in helping to bring an end to apartheid in
9	South Africa and lead to the establishment of a nonracial,
10	democratic form of government. This Act sets out United
11	States policy toward the Government of South Africa, the
12	victims of apartheid, and the other states in southern Africa.
13	It also provides the President with additional authority to
14	work with the other industrial democracies to help end apart-
15	heid and establish democracy in South Africa.
16	TITLE I—POLICY OF THE UNITED STATES
17	WITH RESPECT TO ENDING APARTHEID
18	POLICY TOWARD THE GOVERNMENT OF SOUTH AFRICA
19	SEC. 101. (a) United States policy toward the Govern-
20	ment of South Africa shall be designed to bring about reforms
21	in that system of government that will lead to the establish-
22	ment of a nonracial democracy.
23	(b) The United States will work toward this goal by
24	encouraging the Government of South Africa to-

1	(1) repeal the present state of emergency and re-
2	spect the principle of equal justice under law for citi-
3	zens of all races;
4	(2) release Nelson Mandela, Govan Mbeki,
5	Walter Sisulu, black trade union leaders, and all po-
6	litical prisoners;
7	(3) permit the free exercise by South Africans of
8	all races of the right to form political parties, express
9	political opinions, and otherwise participate in the po-
10	litical process;
11	(4) establish a timetable for the elimination of
12	apartheid laws;
13	(5) negotiate with representatives of all racial
14	groups in South Africa the future political system in
15	South Africa; and
16	(6) end military and paramilitary activities
17	aimed at neighboring states.
18	(c) The United States will encourage the actions set
19	forth in subsection (b) through economic, political, and diplo-
20	matic measures as set forth in this Act. The United States
21	will adjust its actions toward the Government of South
<b>22</b>	Africa to reflect the progress or lack of progress made by the
23	Government of South Africa in meeting the goal set forth in
24	subsection (a).

1	POLICY TOWARD THE VICTIMS OF APARTHEID
2	SEC. 102. (a) The United States policy toward the vic-
3	tims of apartheid is to use economic, political, diplomatic,
4	and other effective means to achieve the removal of the root
5	cause of their victimization, which is the apartheid system.
6	In anticipation of the removal of the system of apartheid and
7	as a further means of challenging that system, it is the policy
8	of the United States to assist these victims of apartheid as
9	individuals and through organizations to overcome the handi-
10	caps imposed on them by the system of apartheid and to help
11	prepare them for their rightful roles as full participants in the
12	political, social, economic, and intellectual life of their coun-
13	try in the post-apartheid South Africa envisioned by this Act.
14	(b) The United States will work toward the purposes of
15	subsection (a) by—
16	(1) providing assistance to South African victims
17	of apartheid without discrimination by race, color, sex,
18	religious belief, or political orientation, to take advan-
19	tage of educational opportunities in South Africa and
20	in the United States to prepare for leadership positions
21	in a post-apartheid South Africa;
<b>22</b>	(2) assisting victims of apartheid;
23	(3) aiding individuals or groups in South Africa
24	whose goals are to aid victims of apartheid or foster

1	nonviolent legal or political challenges to the apartheid
2	laws;
3	(4) furnishing direct financial assistance to those
4	whose nonviolent activities had led to their arrest or de-
5	tention by the South African authorities;
6	(5) intervening at the highest political levels in
7	South Africa to express the strong desire of the United
8	States to see the development in South Africa of a
9	nonracial democratic society; and
10	(6) supporting the rights of the victims of apart-
11	heid through political, economic, or other sanctions in
12	the event the Government of South Africa fails to
13	make progress toward the removal of the apartheid
14	laws and the establishment of such democracy.
15	POLICY TOWARD OTHER COUNTRIES IN SOUTHERN
16	AFRICA
17	SEC. 103. (a) The United States policy toward the
18	other countries in the Southern African region shall be de-
19	signed to encourage democratic forms of government, full re-
20	spect for human rights, political independence, and economic
21	development.
22	(b) The United States will work toward the purposes of
23	subsection (a) by—
24	(1) helping to secure the independence of Namibia
25	and the establishment of Namibia as a nonracial de-

1	mocracy in accordance with appropriate United Na-
2	tions Security Council resolutions;
3	(2) supporting the removal of all foreign military
4	forces from the region;
5	(3) encouraging the nations of the region to settle
6	differences through peaceful means;
7	(4) promoting economic development through bilat-
8	eral and multilateral economic assistance targeted at
9	increasing opportunities in the productive sectors of na-
10	tional economies, with a particular emphasis on in-
11	creasing opportunities for nongovernmental economic
12	activities;
13	(5) encouraging, and when necessary, strongly de-
14	manding, that all countries of the region respect the
15	human rights of their citizens and noncitizens residing
16	in the country, and especially the release of persons
17	persecuted for their political beliefs or detained without
18	trial; and
19	(6) providing appropriate assistance, within the
20	limitations of American responsibilities at home and in
21	other regions, to assist regional economic cooperation
22	and the development of interregional transportation and
23	other capital facilities necessary for economic growth.
24	POLICY TOWARD "FRONTLINE" STATES
<b>25</b>	Sec. 104. It is the sense of the Congress that the Presi-
26	dent should discuss with the governments of the African

- 1 "frontline" states the effects on them of disruptions in trans-
- 2 portation or other economic links through South Africa and
- 3 of means of reducing those effects.
- 4 POLICY TOWARD A NEGOTIATED SETTLEMENT
- 5 SEC. 105. (a)(1) United States policy will seek to pro-
- 6 mote negotiations among representatives of all citizens of
- 7 South Africa to determine a future political system that
- 8 would permit all citizens to be full participants in the govern-
- 9 ance of their country. The United States recognizes that im-
- 10 portant and legitimate political parties in South Africa in-
- 11 clude several organizations that have been banned and will
- 12 work for the unbanning of such organizations in order to
- 13 permit legitimate political viewpoints to be represented at
- 14 such negotiations.
- 15 (2) To this end, it is the sense of the Congress that the
- 16 President, the Secretary of State, or other appropriate high-
- 17 level United States officials should meet with the leaders of
- 18 opposition organizations of South Africa, particularly but not
- 19 limited to those organizations representing the black majori-
- 20 ty. Furthermore, the President, in concert with the major
- 21 allies of the United States and other interested parties,
- 22 should seek to bring together opposition political leaders with
- 23 leaders of the Government of South Africa for the purpose of
- 24 negotiations to achieve a transition to the post-apartheid de-
- 25 mocracy envisioned in this Act.

1	(b) The United States will encourage the Government of
2	South Africa and all participants to the negotiations to re-
3	spect the right of all South Africans to form political parties,
4	express political opinions, and otherwise participate in the
5	political process without fear of retribution by either govern-
6	mental or nongovernmental organizations. It is the sense of
7	the Congress that a suspension of violence is an essential
8	precondition for the holding of negotiations. The United
9	States calls upon all parties to the conflict to agree to a sus-
10	pension of violence.
11	(c) The United States will work toward the achievement
12	of agreement to suspend violence and begin negotiations
13	through coordinated actions with the major Western allies
14	and with the governments of the countries in the region.
15	(d) It is the sense of the Congress that the achievement
16	of an agreement for negotiations could be promoted if the
17	United States and its major allies, such as Great Britain,
18	Canada, France, Italy, Japan, and West Germany, would
19	hold a meeting to develop a four-point plan to discuss with
20	the Government of South Africa a proposal for stages of mul-
21	tilateral assistance to South Africa in return for the Govern-
22	ment of South Africa implementing—
23	(1) an end to the state of emergency and the re-
24	lease of the political prisoners, including Nelson Man-
95	dela

1	(2) the unbanning of the African National Con-
2	gress, the Pan African Congress, the Black Conscious-
3	ness Movement, and all other groups willing to partici-
4	pate in negotiations and a democratic process;
5	(3) a revocation of the Group Areas Act and the
6	Population Registration Act and the granting of uni-
7	versal citizenship to all South Africans, including
8	homeland residents; and
9	(4) the use of the international offices of a third
10	party as an intermediary to bring about negotiations
11	with the object of the establishment of power-sharing
<b>12</b>	with the black majority.
13	POLICY TOWARD INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION ON
14	MEASURES TO END APARTHEID
15	Sec. 106. (a) The Congress finds that—
16	(1) international cooperation is a prerequisite to
17	an effective anti-apartheid policy; and
18	(2) the situation in South Africa constitutes an
19	emergency in international relations and that action is
20	necessary for the protection of the essential security in-
21	terests of the United States.
22	(b) Accordingly, the Congress urges the President to
23	seek such cooperation among all individuals, groups, and na-
24	tions.

1	POLICY TOWARD NECKLACING
2	SEC. 107. It is the sense of the Congress that the Afri-
3	can National Congress should strongly condemn and take
4	effective actions against the execution by fire, commonly
5	known as "necklacing", of any person in any country.
6	TITLE II—MEASURES TO ASSIST VICTIMS OF
7	APARTHEID
8	SCHOLARSHIPS FOR THE VICTIMS OF APARTHEID
9	SEC. 201. Section 105(b) of the Foreign Assistance Act
10	of 1961 is amended—
11	(1) by inserting "(1)" after "(b)"; and
12	(2) by adding at the end thereof the following new
13	paragraph:
14	"(2)(A) Of the assistance provided under this section by
15	the Administrator of the agency primarily responsible for ad-
16	ministering this part of this Act—
17	"(i) for the fiscal year 1987, \$8,000,000;
18	"(ii) for the fiscal year 1988, \$11,000,000; and
19	"(iii) for the fiscal year 1989 and each fiscal
20	year thereafter, \$15,000,000,
21	shall be used to finance education, training, and scholarships
22	for the victims of apartheid who are attending universities,
23	colleges, and secondary schools in South Africa and who are
24	selected in accordance with subparagraph (B). Of the funds
25	available under the preceding sentence to carry out this sub-

1	paragraph, not less than one-third shall be available only for
2	assistance to full-time teachers or other educational profes-
3	sionals pursuing studies toward the improvement of their pro-
4	fessional credentials.
5	"(B) Of the funds provided in subparagraph (A) for
6	each fiscal year, 50 percent shall be available for educational
7	assistance for the victims of apartheid in accordance with
8	section 802(c) of the International Security and Develop-
9	ment Cooperation Act of 1985. The remainder of the funds in
10	each fiscal year which are not made available under the pre-
11	ceding sentence shall be available to finance scholarships for
12	individuals selected by a nationwide panel or by regional
13	panels composed solely of members of the teaching profession
14	appointed by the United States chief of diplomatic mission to
15	South Africa. No such individual may be selected through
16	any contract entered into with the agency primarily responsi-
17	ble for administering this part of this Act.".
18	HUMAN RIGHTS FUND
19	SEC. 202. (a) Section 116(e)(2)(A) of the Foreign As-
20	sistance Act of 1961 is amended—
21	(1) by striking out "1984 and" and inserting in
22	lieu thereof "1984,"; and
23	(2) by inserting after "1985" a comma and the
24	following: "and \$1,500,000 for the fiscal year 1986
25	and for each fiscal year thereafter".

1	(b) Section 116 of such Act is amended by adding at the
2	end thereof the following new subsection:
3	"(f) Of the funds made available to carry out subsection
4	(e)(2)(A) for each fiscal year, \$350,000 shall be used for
5	direct legal and other assistance to political detainees and
6	prisoners and their families, including the investigation of
7	the killing of protesters and prisoners, and for support for
8	actions of black-led community organizations to resixt,
9	through nonviolent means, the enforcement of apartheid poli-
10	cies such as—
11	"(1) removal of black populations from certain ge-
<b>12</b>	ographic areas on account of race or ethnic origin,
13	"(2) denationalization of blacks, including any
14	distinctions between the South African citizenships of
15	blacks and whites,
16	"(3) residence restrictions based on race or ethnic
17	origin,
18	"(4) restrictions on the rights of blacks to seek
19	employment in South Africa and to live wherever they
20	find employment in South Africa, and
21	"(5) restrictions which make it impossible for
22	black employees and their families to be housed in
23	family accommodations near their place of employ-
24	ment.".

1	EXPANDING PARTICIPATION IN THE SOUTH AFRICAN
2	ECONOMY
3	Sec. 203. (a) The Congress declares that—
4	(1) the denial under the apartheid laws of South
5	Africa of the rights of South African blacks and other
6	nonwhites to have the opportunity to participate equita-
7	bly in the South African economy as managers or
8	owners of, or professionals in, business enterprises, and
9	(2) the policy of confining South African blacks
10	and other nonwhites to the status of employees in mi-
11	nority-dominated businesses,
12	is an affront to the values of a free society.
13	(b) The Congress hereby—
14	(1) applauds the commitment of nationals of the
15	United States adhering to the Code of Conduct to
16	assure that South African blacks and other nonwhites
17	are given assistance in gaining their rightful place in
18	the South African economy; and
19	(2) urges the United States Government to assist
20	in all appropriate ways the realization by South Afri-
21	can blacks and other nonwhites of their rightful place
22	in the South African economy.
23	(c) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Sec-
24	retary of State and any other head of a department or agency
25	of the United States carrying out activities in South Africa

1	shall, to the maximum extent practicable, in procuring goods
2	or services, make affirmative efforts to assist business enter-
3	prises having more than 50 percent beneficial ownership by
4	South African blacks or other nonwhite South Africans.
5	EXPORT-IMPORT BANK OF THE UNITED STATES
6	Sec. 204. Section 2(b)(9) of the Export-Import Bank
7	Act of 1945 is amended—
8	(1) by striking out "(9) In" and inserting in lieu
9	thereof "(9)(A) Except as provided in subparagraph
10	(B), in"; and
11	(2) by adding at the end thereof the following:
12	"(B) The Bank shall take active steps to encourage the
13	use of its facilities to guarantee, insure, extend credit, or par-
14	ticipate in the extension of credit to business enterprises in
15	South Africa that are majority owned by South African
16	blacks or other nonwhite South Africans. The certification
17	requirement contained in clause (c) of subparagraph (A)
18	shall not apply to exports to or purchases from business en-
19	terprises which are majority owned by South African blacks
20	or other nonwhite South Africans.".
21	LABOR PRACTICES OF THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT
22	IN SOUTH AFRICA
23	SEC. 205. (a) It is the sense of the Congress that the
24	labor practices used by the United States Government—
25	(1) for the direct hire of South Africans,

1	(2) for the reimbursement out of official residence
2	funds of South Africans and employees of South Afri-
3	can organizations for their long-term employment serv-
4	ices on behalf of the United States Government, and
5	(3) for the employment services of South Africans
6	arranged by contract,
7	should represent the best of labor practices in the United
8	States and should serve as a model for the labor practices of
9	nationals of the United States in South Africa.
10	(b) The Secretary of State and any other head of a de-
11	partment or agency of the United States carrying out activi-
12	ties in South Africa shall promptly take, to the extent permit-
13	ted by law, the necessary steps to ensure that the labor prac-
14	tices applied to the employment services described in para-
15	graphs (1) through (3) of subsection (a) are governed by the
16	Code of Conduct.
17	WELFARE AND PROTECTION OF VICTIMS OF APARTHEID
18	BY THE UNITED STATES
19	SEC. 206. (a) The Secretary of State shall acquire,
20	through lease or purchase, residential properties in the Re-
21	public of South Africa that shall be made available, at rents
22	that are equitable, to assist victims of apartheid who are em-
23	ployees of the United States Government in obtaining ade-
24	quate housing. Such properties shall be acquired only in
25	neighborhoods which would be open to occupancy by other
26	employees of the United States Government in South Africa.

1	(b) There are authorized to be appropriated \$10,000,000
2	for the fiscal year 1987 to carry out the purposes of this
3	section.
4	EMPLOYMENT PRACTICES OF UNITED STATES NATIONALS
5	IN SOUTH AFRICA
6	SEC. 207. (a) Any national of the United States that
7	employs more than 25 persons in South Africa shall take the
8	necessary steps to insure that the Code of Conduct is imple-
9	mented.
10	(b) No department or agency of the United States may
11	intercede with any foreign government or foreign national re-
12	garding the export marketing activities in any country of any
13	national of the United States employing more than 25 per-
14	sons in South Africa that is not implementing the Code of
15	Conduct.
16	CODE OF CONDUCT
17	SEC. 208. (a) The Code of Conduct referred to in sec-
18	tions 203, 205, 207, and 603 of this Act is as follows:
19	(1) desegregating the races in each employment
20	facility;
21	(2) providing equal employment opportunity for
22	all employees without regard to race or ethnic origin;
23	(3) assuring that the pay system is applied to all
24	employees without regard to race or ethnic origin;
25	(4) establishing a minimum wage and salary
26	structure based on the appropriate local minimum eco-

1	nomic level which takes into account the needs of em-
2	ployees and their families;
3	(5) increasing by appropriate means the number
4	of persons in managerial, supervisory, administrative,
5	clerical, and technical jobs who are disadvantaged by
6	the apartheid system for the purpose of significantly
7	increasing their representation in such jobs;
8	(6) taking reasonable steps to improve the quality
9	of employees' lives outside the work environment with
10	respect to housing, transportation, schooling, recreation,
11	and health; and
12	(7) implementing fair labor practices by recogniz-
13	ing the right of all employees, regardless of racial or
14	other distinctions, to self-organization and to form,
15	join, or assist labor organizations, freely and without
16	penalty or reprisal, and recognizing the right to refrain
17	from any such activity.
18	(b) It is the sense of the Congress that in addition to the
19	principles enumerated in subsection (a), nationals of the
20	United States subject to section 207 should seek to comply
21	with the following principle: taking reasonable measures to
22	extend the scope of influence on activities outside the work-
23	place, including—
24	(1) supporting the unrestricted rights of black
25	businesses to locate in urban areas;

1	(2) influencing other companies in South Africa
2	to follow the standards of equal rights principles;
3	(3) supporting the freedom of mobility of black
4	workers to seek employment opportunities wherever
5	they exist, and make provision for adequate housing
6	for families of employees within the proximity of work-
7	ers' employment; and
8	(4) supporting the rescission of all apartheid laws.
9	(c) The President may issue additional guidelines and
10	criteria to assist persons who are or may be subject to section
11	207 in complying with the principles set forth in subsection
12	(a) of this section. The President may, upon request, give an
13	advisory opinion to any person who is or may be subject to
14	this section as to whether that person is subject to this section
15	or would be considered to be in compliance with the princi-
16	ples set forth in subsection (a).
17	(d) The President may require all nationals of the
18	United States referred to in section 207 to register with the
19	United States Government.
20	(e) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the
21	President may enter into contracts with one or more private
22	organizations or individuals to assist in implementing this
23	section.
24	PROHIBITION ON ASSISTANCE
25	SEC. 209. No assistance may be provided under this
26	Act to any group which maintains within its ranks any indi-

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1	vidual who has been found to engage in gross violations of
2	internationally recognized human rights (as defined in sec-
3	tion 502B(d)(1) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961).
4	USE OF THE AFRICAN EMERGENCY RESERVE
5	SEC. 210. Whenever the President determines that such
6	action is necessary or appropriate to meet food shortages in
7	southern Africa, the President is authorized to utilize the ex-
8	isting, authorized, and funded reserve entitled the "Emergen-
9	cy Reserve for African Famine Relief" to provide food assist-
10	ance and transportation for that assistance.
11	TITLE III—MEASURES BY THE UNITED
12	STATES TO UNDERMINE APARTHEID
13	PROHIBITION ON THE IMPORTATION OF KRUGERRANDS
14	Sec. 301. No person, including a bank, may import
15	into the United States any South African krugerrand or any
16	other gold coin minted in South Africa or offered for sale by
17	the Government of South Africa.
18	PROHIBITION ON THE IMPORTATION OF MILITARY
19	ARTICLES
20	Sec. 302. No arms, ammunition, or military vehicles
21	produced in South Africa or any manufacturing data for
22	such articles may be imported into the United States.
23	PROHIBITION ON THE IMPORTATION OF PRODUCTS FROM
24	PARASTATAL ORGANIZATIONS
25	SEC. 303. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of
26	law, no article which is grown, produced, or manufactured by

1	a parastatal organization of South Africa may be imported
2	into the United States, except for those strategic minerals for
3	which the President has certified to the Congress that the
4	quantities essential for the economy or defense of the United
5	States are unavailable from reliable and secure suppliers.
6	(b) For purposes of this section, the term "parastatal
7	organization" means a corporation or partnership owned or
8	controlled by the Government of South Africa.
9	PROHIBITION ON COMPUTER EXPORTS TO SOUTH AFRICA
10	SEC. 304. (a) No computers, computer software, or
11	goods or technology intended to manufacture or service com-
12	puters may be exported to or for use by any of the following
13	entities of the Government of South Africa:
14	(1) The military.
15	(2) The police.
16	(3) The prison system.
17	(4) The national security agencies.
18	(5) ARMSCOR and its subsidiaries or the weap-
19	ons research activities of the Council for Scientific and
20	Industrial Research.
21	(6) The administering authorities for controlling
<b>22</b>	the movements of the victims of apartheid.
23	(7) Any apartheid enforcing agency.
24	(8) Any local, regional, or homelands government
25	entity which performs any function of any entity de-
26	scribed in paragraphs (1) through (7).

1	(b)(1) Computers, computer software, and goods or tech-
2	nology intended to service computers may be exported, direct-
3	ly or indirectly, to or for use by an entity of the Government
4	of South Africa other than those set forth in subsection (a)
5	only if a system of end use verification is in effect to ensure
6	that the computers involved will not be used for any function
7	of any entity set forth in subsection (a).
8	(2) The Secretary of Commerce may prescribe such
9	rules and regulations as may be necessary to carry out this
10	section.
11	PROHIBITION ON LOANS TO THE GOVERNMENT OF SOUTH
12	AFRICA
13	SEC. 305. (a) No national of the United States may
14	make or approve any loan or other extension of credit, direct-
15	ly or indirectly, to the Government of South Africa or to any
16	corporation, partnership or other organization which is owned
17	or controlled by the Government of South Africa.
18	(b) The prohibition contained in subsection (a) shall not
19	apply to—
20	(1) a loan or extension of credit for any educa-
21	tion, housing, or humanitarian benefit which-
22	(A) is available to all persons on a nondis-
23	criminatory basis; or
24	(B) is available in a geographic area accessi-
25	ble to all population groups without any legal or
26	administrative restriction; or

1	(2) a loan or extension of credit for which an
2	agreement is entered into before the date of enactment
3	of this Act.
4	PROHIBITION ON AIR TRANSPORTATION WITH SOUTH
5	AFRICA
6	SEC. 306. (a)(1) The Secretary of State shall terminate
7	the Agreement Between the Government of the United States
8	of America and the Government of the Union of South
9	Africa Relating to Air Services Between Their Respective
10	Territories, signed May 23, 1947, in accordance with the
11	provisions of that agreement.
12	(2) Upon termination of such agreement, the Secretary
13	of Transportation shall prohibit any aircraft of a foreign air
14	carrier owned, directly or indirectly, by the Government of
15	South Africa or by South African nationals from engaging
16	in air transportation with respect to the United States.
17	(b) The Secretary of Transportation may provide for
18	such exceptions from the prohibition contained in subsection
19	(a) as the Secretary considers necessary to provide for emer-
20	gencies in which the safety of an aircraft or its crew or pas-
21	sengers is threatened.
22	(c) For purposes of this section, the terms "aircraft",
23	"air transportation", and "foreign air carrier" have the
24	meanings given those terms in section 101 of the Federal
25	Aviation Act of 1958 (49 U.S.C. 1301).

1	PROHIBITIONS ON NUCLEAR TRADE WITH SOUTH AFRICA
2	SEC. 307. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of
3	law—
4	(1) the Nuclear Regulatory Commission shall not
5	issue any license for the export to South Africa of pro-
6	duction or utilization facilities, any source or special
7	nuclear material or sensitive nuclear technology, or
8	any component parts, items, or substances which the
9	Commission has determined, pursuant to section 109b.
10	of the Atomic Energy Act, to be especially relevant
11	from the standpoint of export control because of their
12	significance for nuclear explosive purposes;
13	(2) the Secretary of Commerce shall not issue
14	any license for the export to South Africa of any goods
15	or technology which have been determined, pursuant to
16	section 309(c) of the Nuclear Non-Proliferation Act of
17	1978, to be of significance for nuclear explosive pur-
18	poses for use in, or judged by the President to be likely
19	to be diverted to, a South African production or utili-
20	zation facility;
21	(3) the Secretary of Energy shall not, under sec-
22	tion 57b.(2) of the Atomic Energy Act, authorize any
23	person to engage, directly or indirectly, in the produc-
24	tion of special nuclear material in South Africa; and

1	(4) no goods, technology, source or special nuclear
2	material, facilities, components, items, or substances
3	referred to in clauses (1) through (3) shall be approved
4	by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission or an execu-
5	tive branch agency for retransfer to South Africa,
6	unless the Secretary of State determines and certifies to the
7	Speaker of the House of Representatives and the chairman of
8	the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate that the
9	Government of South Africa is a party to the Treaty on the
10	Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons, done at Washington,
11	London, and Moscow on July 1, 1968, or otherwise main-
12	tains International Atomic Energy Agency safeguards on all
13	its peaceful nuclear activities, as defined in the Nuclear Non-
14	Proliferation Act of 1978.
15	(b) Nothing in this section shall preclude—
16	(1) any export, retransfer, or activity generally li-
17	censed or generally authorized by the Nuclear Regula-
18	tory Commission or the Department of Commerce or
19	the Department of Energy; or
20	(2) assistance for the purpose of developing or ap-
21	plying International Atomic Energy Agency or United
22	States bilateral safeguards, for International Atomic
23	Energy Agency programs generally available to its
24	member states, for reducing the use of highly enriched
25	uranium in research or test reactors, or for other tech-

1	nical programs for the purpose of reducing proliferation
2	risks, such as programs to extend the life of reactor
3	fuel and activities envisaged by section 223 of the Nu-
4	clear Waste Policy Act of 1982 or which are necessary
5	for humanitarian reasons to protect the public health
6	and safety.
7	(c) The prohibitions contained in subsection (a) shall
8	not apply with respect to a particular export, retransfer, or
9	activity, or a group of exports, retransfers, or activities, if the
10	President determines that to apply the prohibitions would be
11	seriously prejudicial to the achievement of United States
12	nonproliferation objectives or would otherwise jeopardize the
13	common defense and security of the United States and, if at
14	least 60 days before the initial export, retransfer, or activity
15	is carried out, the President submits to the Speaker of the
16	House of Representatives and the chairman of the Committee
17	on Foreign Relations of the Senate a report setting forth that
18	determination, together with his reasons therefor.
19	RESTRICTIONS ON ISSUANCE OF VISAS TO SOUTH
20	AFRICAN NATIONALS
21	Sec. 308. (a) The Congress finds that—
22	(1) American journalists, scholars, and clergy,
23	among others, have experienced problems in obtaining
24	visas to visit South Africa; and
25	(2) South African officials may have visited the
26	United States to gather, surreptitiously, information

- 1 useful in circumventing the international arms embar-
- 2 go in effect against South Africa.
- 3 (b)(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the
- 4 President shall define a class of persons consisting of all offi-
- 5 cials of the Government of South Africa, including individ-
- 6 uals performing services for the Government of South Africa,
- 7 and members of their immediate families.
- 8 (2) On or after the date of enactment of this Act, no visa
- 9 for admission to the United States may be issued to any
- 10 individual in such class except on a case-by-case basis in the
- 11 discretion of the Secretary of State.
- 12 (3) No visa issued before the date of enactment of this
- 13 Act to a nonimmigrant alien described in section
- 14 101(a)(15)(A) of the Immigration and Nationality Act shall
- 15 be valid after a date which is 30 days after the date of enact-
- 16 ment of this Act, unless such visa is sooner renewed.
- 17 SALES OF GOLD STOCKS
- 18 Sec. 309. Whenever the President determines that such
- 19 action is necessary or appropriate to affect the price of gold
- 20 on the world markets and thereby to carry out the purpose of
- 21 this Act, the President is authorized to sell United States
- 22 gold stocks on the open market and to engage in other trans-
- 23 actions involving gold in such manner as the President may
- 24 prescribe.

1	GOVERNMENT OF SOUTH AFRICA BANK ACCOUNTS
2	SEC. 310. (a) A United States depository institution
3	may not accept, receive, or hold a deposit account from the
4	Government of South Africa or from any agency or entity
5	owned or controlled by the Government of South Africa
6	except for such accounts which may be authorized by the
7	President for diplomatic or consular purposes. For purposes
8	of the preceding sentence, the term "depository institution"
9	has the same meaning as in section 19(b)(1) of the Federal
10	Reserve Act.
11	(b) The prohibition contained in subsection (a) shall
12	take effect 45 days after the date of enactment of this Act.
13	PROHIBITION ON IMPORTATION OF URANIUM AND COAL
14	FROM SOUTH AFRICA
15	SEC. 311. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of
16	law, no—
17	(1) uranium ore,
18	(2) uranium oxide, or
19	(3) coal,
20	that is produced or manufactured in South Africa may be
21	imported into the United States.
22	(b) This section shall take effect 90 days after the date
23	of enactment of this Act.

1	PROHIBITION ON NEW INVESTMENT IN SOUTH AFRICA
2	SEC. 312. (a) No national of the United States may,
3	directly or through another person, make any new investment
4	in South Africa.
5	(b) The prohibition contained in subsection (a) shall
6	take effect 30 days after the date of enactment of this Act.
7	TERMINATION OF CERTAIN PROVISIONS
8	Sec. 313. (a) The provisions of sections 301 through
9	312 and sections 501(c) and 503(b) shall terminate if the
10	Government of South Africa—
11	(1) releases other political prisoners and Nelson
12	Mandela from prison;
13	(2) repeals the state of emergency in effect on the
14	date of enactment of this Act and releases all detainees
15	held under such state of emergency;
16	(3) unbans democratic political parties;
17	(4) repeals the Group Areas and Population Reg-
18	istration Acts; and
19	(5) publicly commits itself to good faith negotia-
20	tions with truly representative members of the black
21	majority without preconditions.
22	(b) The President may suspend or modify any of the
23	measures required by sections 301 through 312 or section
24	501(c) or section 503(b) thirty days after he determines, and
25	so reports to the Speaker of the House of Representatives and

1	the chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations of the
2	Senate, that the Government of South Africa has—
3	(1) taken the action described in paragraph (1) of
4	subsection (a),
5	(2) taken three of the four actions listed in para-
6	graphs (2) through (5) of subsection (a), and
7	(3) made substantial progress toward dismantling
8	the system of apartheid and establishing a nonracial
9	democracy,
10	unless the Congress enacts within such thirty-day period, in
11	accordance with section 602 of this Act, a joint resolution
12	disapproving the determination of the President under this
13	subsection.
14	TITLE IV—MULTILATERAL MEASURES TO
15	UNDERMINE APARTHEID
16	NEGOTIATING AUTHORITY
17	SEC. 401. (a)(1) It is the policy of the United States to
18	seek international cooperation with the industrialized democ-
19	racies on measures which will encourage an end to apartheid.
20	The net economic effect of such cooperation should be at least
21	equal to the net economic effect of the measures imposed by
22	this Act.
23	(2) For purposes of paragraph (1), the term "net eco-
24	nomic effect" means the cumulative impact on the South Af-

1	rican economy as a whole of the measures imposed under this
2	sections 301 through 312.
3	(b) Negotiations to reach international cooperative ar-
4	rangements with the other industrialized democracies should
5	begin promptly and should be concluded not later than 180
6	days after the date of enactment of this Act.
7	(c) If the President successfully concludes an interna-
8	tional agreement on measures described in subsection (a), he
9	may, 30 days after the text of such agreement has been re-
10	ceived by the Congress, adjust, modify, or otherwise amend
11	the measures imposed under any provision of sections 301
12	through 312 to conform with such agreement.
13	(d) Each agreement submitted to the Congress under
14	this subsection shall enter into force with respect to the
15	United States if (and only if)—
16	(1) the President, not less than 30 days before the
17	day on which he enters into such agreement, notifies
18	the House of Representatives and the Senate of his in-
19	tention to enter into such an agreement, and promptly
20	thereafter publishes notice of such intention in the Fed-
21	eral Register;
22	(2) after entering into the agreement, the Presi-
23	dent transmits a document to the House of Representa-
24	tives and to the Senate containing a copy of the final
25	tert of such gareement together with.

1	(A) a description of any administrative
2	action proposed to implement such agreement and
3	an explanation as to how the proposed adminis-
4	trative action would change or affect existing law,
5	and
6	(B) a statement of his reasons as to how the
7	agreement serves the interest of United States for-
8	eign policy and as to why the proposed adminis-
9	trative action is required or appropriate to carry
10	out the agreement; and
11	(3) a joint resolution of disapproval has not been
12	adopted within 30 days of transmittal of such docu-
13	ment to the Congress.
14	UNFAIR TRADE PRACTICES
15	SEC. 402. The Congress declares that it shall be an
16	unfair trade practice under section 301(a)(1)(B)(ii) of the
17	Trade Act of 1974 for any foreign person, partnership, or
18	corporation to benefit from or otherwise take commercial ad-
19	vantage of any sanction or prohibition against any national
20	of the United States imposed by or under this Act.
21	PRIVATE RIGHT OF ACTION
22	SEC. 403. (a) Any national of the United States who is
23	required by this Act to terminate or curtail business activities
24	in South Africa may bring a civil action for damages against

1	advantage or otherwise benefits from such termination or cur-
2	tailment.
3	(b) The action described in subsection (a) may only be
4	brought, without respect to the amount in controversy, in the
5	United States district court for the District of Columbia or
6	the Court of International Trade. Damages which may be
7	recovered include lost profits and the cost of bringing the
8	action, including a reasonable attorney's fee.
9	(c) The injured party must show by a preponderance of
10	the evidence that the damages have been the direct result of
11	defendant's action taken with the deliberate intent to injure
12	the party.
13	TITLE V—FUTURE POLICY TOWARD SOUTH
14	AFRICA
15	ADDITIONAL MEASURES
16	SEC. 501. (a) It shall be the policy of the United States
17	to impose additional measures against the Government of
18	South Africa if substantial progress has not been made
19	within 12 months of the date of enactment of this Act in
20	ending the system of apartheid and establishing a nonracial
21	democracy.
22	(b) The President shall prepare and transmit to the
23	Speaker of the House of Representatives and the chairman of
24	the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate within
25	twelve months of the date of enactment of this Act, and every

1	twelve months thereafter, a report on the extent to which sig-
2	nificant progress has been made toward ending the system of
3	apartheid, including—
4	(1) an assessment of the extent to which the Gov-
5	ernment of South Africa has taken the steps set forth
6	in section 101(b) of this Act;
7	(2) an analysis of any other actions taken by the
8	Government of South Africa in ending the system of
9	apartheid and moving toward a nonracial democracy;
10	and
11	(3) the progress, or lack of progress, made in
12	reaching a negotiated settlement to the conflict in
13	South Africa.
14	(c) If the President determines that significant progress
15	has not been made by the Government of South Africa in
16	ending the system of apartheid and establishing a nonracial
17	democracy, the President shall include in the report required
18	by subsection (b) a recommendation on which of the following
19	additional measures should be imposed:
20	(1) a prohibition on the importation of steel from
21	South Africa;
22	(2) a prohibition on military assistance to those
23	countries that the report required by section 507 identi-
24	fies as continuing to circumvent the international em-

1	bargo on arms and military technology to South
2	Africa;
3	(3) a prohibition on the importation of food, agri-
4	cultural products, diamonds, and textiles from South
5	Africa;
6	(4) a prohibition on United States banks accept-
7	ing, receiving, or holding deposit accounts from South
8	African nationals; and
9	(5) a prohibition on the importation into the
10	United States of strategic minerals from South Africa.
11	(d) A joint resolution which would enact part or all of
12	the measures recommended by the President pursuant to sub-
13	section (c) shall be considered in accordance with the provi-
14	sions of section 602 of this Act.
15	STUDY OF HEALTH CONDITIONS IN THE "HOMELANDS"
16	AREAS OF SOUTH AFRICA
17	Sec. 502. The Secretary of State shall conduct a study
18	to examine the state of health conditions and to determine the
19	extent of starvation and malnutrition now prevalent in the
20	"homelands" areas of South Africa and shall, not later than
21	December 1, 1986, prepare and transmit to the Speaker of
<b>22</b>	the House of Representatives and the chairman of the Com-
23	mittee on Foreign Relations of the Senate a report setting
24	forth the results of such study.

1	REPORT ON SOUTH AFRICAN IMPORTS
2	Sec. 503. (a) Not later than 90 days after the date of
3	enactment of this Act, the President shall submit to the
4	Speaker of the House of Representatives and the chairman of
5	the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate a report
6	on the extent to which the United States is dependent on the
7	importation from South Africa of—
8	(1) chromium,
9	(2) cobalt,
10	(3) manganese,
11	(4) platinum group metals,
12	(5) ferroalloys, and
13	(6) other strategic and critical materials (within
14	the meaning of the Strategic and Critical Materials
15	Stock Piling Act).
16	(b) The President shall develop a program which re-
17	duces the dependence, if any, of the United States on the
18	importation from South Africa of the materials identified in
19	the report submitted under subsection (a).
20	STUDY AND REPORT ON THE ECONOMY OF SOUTHERN
21	AFRICA
22	SEC. 504. (a) The President shall conduct a study on
23	the role of American assistance in southern Africa to deter-
24	mine what needs to be done, and what can be done to expand
25	the trade, private investment, and transport prospects of
26	southern Africa's landlocked nations.

1	(b) Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment
2	of this Act, the President shall prepare and transmit to the
3	chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations of the
4	House of Representatives and the chairman of the Committee
5	on Foreign Relations of the Senate a report setting forth the
6	findings of the study conducted under subsection (a).
7	REPORT ON RELATIONS BETWEEN OTHER
8	INDUSTRIALIZED DEMOCRACIES AND SOUTH AFRICA
9	SEC. 505. (a) Not later than 180 days after the date of
10	enactment of this Act, the President shall prepare and trans-
11	mit to the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the
12	chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations of the
13	Senate a report containing a detailed assessment of the eco-
14	nomic and other relationships of other industrialized democ-
15	racies with South Africa. Such report shall be transmitted
16	without regard to whether or not the President successfully
17	concluded an international agreement under section 401.
18	(b) For purposes of this section, the phrase "economic
19	and other relationships" includes the same types of matters
20	as are described in sections 201, 202, 204, 205, 206, 207,
21	sections 301 through 308, and sections 311 and 312 of this
22	Act.
23	STUDY AND REPORT ON DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS OF SOUTH
24	AFRICAN NATIONALS IN UNITED STATES BANKS
25	Sec. 506. (a)(1) The Secretary of State shall conduct a
26	study on the feasibility of prohibiting each depository institu-

- 1 tion from accepting, receiving, or holding a deposit account
- 2 from any South African national.
- 3 (2) For purposes of paragraph (1), the term "depository
- 4 institution" has the same meaning as in section 19(b)(1) of
- 5 the Federal Reserve Act.
- 6 (b) Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment
- 7 of this Act, the Secretary of State shall submit to the Speak-
- 8 er of the House of Representatives and the chairman of the
- 9 Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate a report de-
- 10 tailing the findings of the study required by subsection (a).
- 11 STUDY AND REPORT ON THE VIOLATION OF THE INTER-
- 12 NATIONAL EMBARGO ON SALE AND EXPORT OF MILI-
- 13 TARY ARTICLES TO SOUTH AFRICA
- 14 SEC. 507. (a) The President shall conduct a study on
- 15 the extent to which the international embargo on the sale and
- 16 exports of arms and military technology to South Africa is
- 17 being violated.
- 18 (b) Not later than 179 days after the date of enactment
- 19 of this Act, the President shall submit to the Speaker of the
- 20 House of Representatives and the chairman of the Committee
- 21 on Foreign Relations of the Senate a report setting forth the
- 22 findings of the study required by subsection (a), including an
- 23 identification of those countries engaged in such sale or
- 24 export, with a view to terminating United States military
- 25 assistance to those countries.

1	TITLE VI—ENFORCEMENT AND
2	ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS
3	REGULATORY AUTHORITY
4	SEC. 601. The President shall issue such rules, regula-
5	tions, licenses, and orders as are necessary to carry out the
6	provisions of this Act, including taking such steps as may be
7	necessary to continue in effect the measures imposed by Ex-
8	ecutive Order 12532 of September 9, 1985, and Executive
9	Order 12535 of October 1, 1985, and by any rule, regula-
10	tion, license, or order issued thereunder (to the extent such
11	measures are not inconsistent with this Act).
12	CONGRESSIONAL PRIORITY PROCEDURES
13	Sec. 602. (a)(1) The provisions of this subsection
14	apply to the consideration in the House of Representatives of
15	a joint resolution under sections 313(b), 401(d), and 501(d).
16	(2) A joint resolution shall, upon introduction, be re-
17	ferred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of
18	Representatives.
19	(3)(A) At any time after the joint resolution placed on
20	the appropriate calendar has been on that calendar for a
21	period of 5 legislative days, it is in order for any Member of
22	the House (after consultation with the Speaker as to the most
23	appropriate time for the consideration of that joint resolution)
24	to move that the House resolve itself into the Committee of the
25	Whole House on the State of the Union for the consideration
26	of that joint resolution. The motion is highly privileged and
	♠\$ 2701 P\$

- 1 is in order even though a previous motion to the same effect
- 2 has been disagreed to. All points of order against the joint
- 3 resolution under clauses 2 and 6 of Rule XXI of the Rules of
- 4 the House are waived. If the motion is agreed to, the resolu-
- 5 tion shall remain the unfinished business of the House until
- 6 disposed of. A motion to reconsider the vote by which the
- 7 motion is disagreed to shall not be in order.
- 8 (B) Debate on the joint resolution shall not exceed ten
- 9 hours, which shall be divided equally between a Member fa-
- 10 voring and a Member opposing the joint resolution. A motion
- 11 to limit debate is in order at any time in the House or in the
- 12 Committee of the Whole and is not debatable.
- 13 (C) An amendment to the joint resolution is not in
- 14 order.
- 15 (D) At the conclusion of the debate on the joint resolu-
- 16 tion, the Committee of the Whole shall rise and report the
- 17 joint resolution back to the House, and the previous question
- 18 shall be considered as ordered on the joint resolution to final
- 19 passage without intervening motion.
- 20 (b)(1) The provisions of this subsection apply to the con-
- 21 sideration in the Senate of a joint resolution under section
- 22 313(b), 401(d), or 501(d).
- 23 (2) A joint resolution shall, upon introduction, be re-
- 24 ferred to the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate.

1	(3) A joint resolution described in this section shall be
2	considered in the Senate in accordance with procedures con-
3	tained in paragraphs (3) through (7) of section 8066(c) of the
4	Department of Defense Appropriations Act, 1985 (as con-
5	tained in Public Law 98-473), except that—
6	(A) references in such paragraphs to the Commit-
7	tee on Appropriations of the Senate shall be deemed to
8	be references to the Committee on Foreign Relations of
9	the Senate; and
10	(B) amendments to the joint resolution are in
11	order.
12	(c) For purposes of this subsection, the term "joint reso-
13	lution" means only—
14	(A) in the case of section 313(b), a joint resolu-
15	tion which is introduced in a House of Congress
16	within 3 legislative days after the Congress receives the
17	report described in section 313(b) and for which the
18	matter after the resolving clause reads as follows:
19	"That the Congress, having received on
20	the report of the President containing the determination
21	required by section 313(b) of the Comprehensive Anti-
22	Apartheid Act of 1986, disapproves of such determina-
23	tion.", with the date of the receipt of the report inserted
24	in the blank;

1	(B) in the case of section $401(d)(3)$ , a joint reso-
2	lution which is introduced in a House of Congress
3	within 3 legislative days after the Congress receives the
4	document described in section 401(d)(2) and for which
5	the matter after the resolving clause reads as follows:
6	"That the Congress, having received on
7	the text of the international agreement described in sec-
8	tion 401(d)(3) of the Comprehensive Anti-Apartheid
9	Act of 1986, disapproves of such agreement.", with the
10	date of the receipt of the text of the agreement inserted
11	in the blank; and
12	(C) in the case of section 501(d), a joint resolu-
13	tion which is introduced in a House of Congress
14	within 3 legislative days after the Congress receives the
15	determination of the President pursuant to section
16	501(c) and for which the matter after the resolving
17	clause reads as follows: "That the Congress, having re-
18	ceived on a determination of the Presi-
19	dent under section 501(c) of the Comprehensive Anti-
20	Apartheid Act of 1986, approves the President's deter-
21	mination.", with the date of the receipt of the determi-
22	nation inserted in the blank.
23	(d) As used in this section, the term "legislative day"
24	means a day on which the House of Representatives or the
25	Senate is in session, as the case may be.

1	(e) Inis section is enactea—
2	(1) as an exercise of the rulemaking powers of the
3	House of Representatives and the Senate, and as such
4	it is deemed a part of the Rules of the House and the
5	Rules of the Senate, respectively, but applicable only
6	with respect to the procedure to be followed in the
7	House and the Senate in the case of joint resolutions
8	under this section, and it supersedes other rules only to
9	the extent that it is inconsistent with such rules; and
10	(2) with full recognition of the constitutional right
11	of the House and the Senate to change their rules at
12	any time, in the same manner, and to the same extent
13	as in the case of any other rule of the House or
14	Senate, and of the right of the Committee on Rules of
15	the House of Representatives to report a resolution for
16	the consideration of any measure.
17	ENFORCEMENT AND PENALTIES
18	SEC. 603. (a)(1) The President with respect to his au-
19	thorities under section 601 shall take the necessary steps to
20	ensure compliance with the provisions of this Act and any
21	regulations, licenses, and orders issued to carry out this Act,
22	including establishing mechanisms to monitor compliance
23	with this Act and such regulations, licenses, and orders.
24	(2) In ensuring such compliance, the President may—
25	(A) require any person to keep a full record of,
26	and to furnish under oath, in the form of reports or
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1	otherwise, complete information relative to any act or
2	transaction described in this Act either before, during,
3	or after the completion thereof, or relative to any inter-
4	est in foreign property, or relative to any property in
5	which a foreign country or any national thereof has or
6	has had any interest, or as may be otherwise necessary
7	to enforce the provisions of this Act; and
8	(B) conduct investigations, hold hearings, admin-
9	ister oaths, examine witnesses, receive evidence, take
10	depositions, and require by subpoena the attendance
11	and testimony of witnesses and the production of all
12	books, papers, and documents relating to any matter
13	under investigation.
14	(b) Except as provided in subsection (d)—
15	(1) any person that violates the provisions of this
16	Act, or any regulation, license, or order issued to carry
17	out this Act shall be subject to a civil penalty of
18	<i>\$50,000</i> ;
19	(2) any person, other than an individual, that
20	willfully violates the provisions of this Act, or any reg-
21	ulation, license, or order issued to carry out this Act
22	shall be fined not more than \$1,000,000;
23	(3) any individual who willfully violates the pro-
24	visions of this Act or any regulation, license, or order
25	issued to carry out this Act shall be fined not more

1	than \$50,000, or imprisoned not more than 10 years,
2	or both; and
3	(4) any individual who violates section 301(a) or
4	any regulations issued to carry out that section shall,
5	instead of the penalty set forth in paragraph (2), be
6	fined not more than 5 times the value of the kruger-
7	rands or gold coins involved.
8	(c)(1) Whenever a person commits a violation under
9	subsection (b)—
10	(A) any officer, director, or employee of such
11	person, or any natural person in control of such person
<b>12</b>	who knowingly and willfully ordered, authorized, ac-
13	quiesced in, or carried out the act or practice constitut-
14	ing the violation, and
15	(B) any agent of such person who knowingly and
16	willfully carried out such act or practice,
17	shall be fined not more than \$10,000, or imprisoned not more
18	than 5 years, or both.
19	(2) Paragraph (1) shall not apply in the case of a viola-
20	tion by an individual of section 301(a) of this Act or of any
21	regulation issued to carry out that section.
22	(3) A fine imposed under paragraph (1) on an individ-
23	ual for an act or practice constituting a violation may not be
24	paid, directly or indirectly, by the person committing the vio-
25	lation itself.

1	(d)(1) Any person who violates any regulation issued
2	under section 208(d) or who, in a registration statement or
3	report required by the Secretary of State, makes any untrue
4	statement of a material fact or omits to state a material fact
5	required to be stated therein or necessary to make the state-
6	ments therein not misleading, shall be subject to a civil pen-
7	alty of not more than \$10,000 imposed by the Secretary of
8	State. The provisions of subsections (d), (e), and (f) of section
9	11 of the Export Administration Act of 1979 shall apply
10	with respect to any such civil penalty.
11	(2) Any person who commits a willful violation under
12	paragraph (1) shall upon conviction be fined not more than
13	\$1,000,000 or imprisoned not more than 2 years, or both.
14	(3) Nothing in this section may be construed to author-
15	ize the imposition of any penalty for failure to implement the
16	Code of Conduct.
17	APPLICABILITY TO EVASIONS OF ACT
18	SEC. 604. This Act and the regulations issued to carry
19	out this Act shall apply to any person who undertakes or
20	causes to be undertaken any transaction or activity with the

21 intent to evade this Act or such regulations.

1	CONSTRUCTION OF ACT
2	SEC. 605. Nothing in this Act shall be construed as
3	constituting any recognition by the United States of the
4	homelands referred to in this Act.

Calendar No. 775

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99TH CONGRESS S. 2701

[Report No. 99-370]

A BILL

To provide a comprehensive policy for the United States in opposition to the system of apartheid in South Africa, and for other purposes.

August 6 (legislative day, August 4), 1986

ST 6 (legislative day, August 4), 1986 Reported with an amendment